Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
OF NEW YORK.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HENRY GREEN,
Of Northampton.
AUDITOR GENERAL,
JOHN A. LEMON,
Of Blair.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

JOHN KELLEY has dropped the Olive branch altogether, but firmly clutches his shillalah.

THE Democratic leaders are desirous that Davenport should go to Europe for his health, as his presence in this country is a great hindrance to reform.

THE New York *World* gets a fit of fairness occasionally, and shames its more malignant party contemporaries. Speaking of the naturalization frauds of 1868, it admits that there were some "scandalous actions" that year, and that "many persons voted on insufficient papers." The papers were numerous enough and sufficient enough to turn the election in the State, just as the tissue ballots did in South Carolina recently.

CAPTAIN YOUNG, of the steamer Narragansett, writes an ingenious statement concerning the accident and the conduct of the officers, designed to protect the company in suits for damages. It has been filed with the steamboat inspectors of New London. The investigation shows carelessness and gross mismanagement., and it will be impossible for Captain Young to screen either himself or the company.

THE Democratic politicians will continue in a state of nervous anxiety until Hancock's letter of acceptance is before the public. The New York *Sun* warns the gallant general that "letter writing has killed greater if not larger men than himself." Between fears that he will say too much and dread that he will say too little, he will hesitate to say anything. The committee representing the Cincinnati convention has warned him that he must endorse the whole platform, and it might be well for him just to subscribe his name to the engrossed copy furnished him, with the usual "I concur in the above."

Catholocy vs. Democracy.

We have been informed that a strolling vendor of quack medicines, named Wallser, last heard of in Boggs township, varies the monotony of an occupation of doubtful usefulness by circulating lies about Gen. Hancock. One of his stories is that Hancock is a Catholic, and currency is given to the lie for the purpose of creating a prejudice against him on that ground. Of course if the story was correct it would be the General's own business, and no one but a fool or a bigot would vote against him for any such reason. But t is not correct, and the lie may as well be met now as any other time. It would be well for people, wherever the above named fellow appears, to beware, not only of his vile politics, but also of his vile nostrums.

The above is from the *Democratic Watchman*. We have not the information at hand at present (except such as is contained in the letter of Arch-Bishop McCloskey, published in a letter from a correspondent in another column) to prove whether Gen. Hancock is a Catholic or not; but we would like to call the attention of others to the language of the *Watchman*, and then remind them of the way the Democratic party has treated men who no one disputed were members of the church which our Democratic cotemporaries are so anxious to prove their Presidential candidate is not a member of. Note the language: "No one but a fool or a bigot would think of voting against him for such a reason." And yet last year the Democratic party nominated for State Treasurer one Daniel O. Barr, a Catholic, and in that memorable campaign the Republican majority reached the unprecedented figures of over fifty thousand. And why? Simply because there were, to use the words of the *Watchman*, somewhere near twenty thousand fools or bigots in the Democratic ranks who would not vote for a Democrat who was a Catholic, and this is the secret of the *Watchman's* uneasiness at the work being done by Mr. Wallser. That paper knows there is a mean prejudice against this class of Christians, and if the facts were established that Hancock was a Catholic, thousands of them would either vote against him or not vote at all. While they are willing to receive the votes of their Catholic brethren, they will not when one is nominated support him.

Now, how do the Republicans treat their candidates? Note the case of a Catholic nominated in Ohio for Secretary of State by the Republicans, and he was elected by the regular Republican majority. We advise Catholics to think of this. We do not think religion should enter into our politics, but results like these show the inconsistency of Democratic professions. The only liberal-minded party that looks at a candidate's political principles—not his religious notions—is the Republican, and all liberal-minded men should vote for the Republican candidates.

Unhappy Ireland.

Mr. James Redpath continues his sad but interesting letters from Ireland in the New York *Tribune*. The most striking feature in his last epistle is his description of the appearance of the "famine fever" in Mayo county and elsewhere in the west. Ten famines have devastated the west of Ireland during the present century, and experience has demonstrated, in dealing with them, that there is always danger of a fever breaking out in July and August succeeding a famine. Hence the various committees having in charge the distribution of charitable relief funds have reserved enough money to take care of the sick, as well as to feed the hungry, until the slow process of government relief begins.

Mr. Redpath says the worst now appears to be over, and the deaths by starvation will be numbered by scores, instead of by hundreds of thousands, as in 1847. The permissive grant of $1,000,000 secured from the government will render unnecessary any further aid from America, as the church and other funds held in reserve will be sufficient to meet all demands unless the "famine fever" should develop beyond present expectations. The doctors differ as to the cause of the disease, some of them contending it is real "famine fever" while others insist it is "only typhus fever." They all agree, however, that it has been brought on by long deprivation of food, and that is the most essential fact.

The truth is, that while the distributions of food have been large in the aggregate, they have been insufficient to relieve the necessities of all who were suffering. Many were put on short rations of Indian meal, and not knowing how to cook it to the best advantage, fell into the habit of making it into a thin gruel. During the winter they had nothing to eat with it, and while it barely sustained life, it left the system impoverished and liable to disease. Hundreds of families, ranging in number from five to ten persons, were compelled to subsist on twenty-eight pounds of meal per week, and to many of them it was their all. In the spring, when the nettles began to grow, the poor wretches gathered these and boiled them with their gruel.

Says the writer: "Barefooted, without underclothing, without bedclothes—living in cabins that the rain often entered and the wind swept through—cabins with the cold and slippery earth for a floor—is it any wonder that their strong constitutions soon break down under a diet of gruel? The dreaded disease that destroyed more men in both American armies than bullets and grapeshot soon appeared in these cabins, and now the fever is spreading rapidly, for there is not vitality enough left in the frames of the cottagers to resist its attacks. But I shall write you on this new disaster in my next letter."

The exodus of Irish agricultural laborers to England has begun, and they have been leaving at the rate of one thousand daily. They send over their earnings to their destitute families, who will soon enjoy the luxury of a little bread and meat, if the rapacious landlords can be satisfied. Evictions are still going on vigorously, in spite of bad crops, starvation and "famine fever." This is the record, as tabulated from official returns:

"In 1877 there were 406 evictions; in 1878 there were 834 evictions; in 1879 there were 1,089 evictions. Only six months of this year have passed, and yet the landlords have already evicted 1,696 famine stricken families!—in the province of Ulster 552, in Munster and Leinster 417, and in Connaught 232. It is worthy of note that evictions have been most numerous where no public opinion has been created against the landlords; that wherever the Land League is strong the landlords have been afraid to turn starving families into the roadside. This fact will be quickly noticed throughout Ireland, and the result will be that the tenantry of Ireland—that is, four-fifths of her people—will soon be consolidated and directed by the leaders of the anti-landlord movement."

Lycoming Fire Insurance Company.

In another column we publish a call for a meeting at Bellefonte of the Policy Holders of the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company, on Friday, August 6, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. The late extraordinary assessment laid by the officers of the company, has opened the eyes of the members to the fact that the affairs of the concern are in a very bad condition. This led to an investigation by a committee from this place, and this investigation developed the truth of the charges we brought against them a year ago, namely, that the managers were either knaves or fools, perhaps both; according to the report of the investigating committee. The officers of the company made oath to a report of their condition which was entirely false, thereby perjuring themselves, and so bad was the condition of the company that there was no room to suppose the officers could have been ignorant of the fact that they were making oath to a lie. The question naturally arises then, are these men worthy to be entrusted with the large sum of money that will accrue from the collection of this assessment. It was thought by some that a new board of directors should be at once chosen, to close up the affairs of the company, and, to use the words of one of the speakers at a late meeting that these "liars and thieves should be driven out," but, whatever is done, one thing is certain, the meeting on the sixth of August will be of interest to everyone who has a dollar of insurance in this company, and delegates should be chosen to it from every town in the State where this company has been doing business, and as it is not likely there will be found any fools who will want to insure in it after this, the sooner the affairs of the company are wound up the better it will be for all concerned. We hope our exchanges will give the notice of this meeting as broad a circulation as possible, we expect they will, as no set of men in the world are more ready to do a favor for the unfortunate; the victims to this unjust extortion are the most unfortunate mortals we know of just now.

Philipsburg Republicans.

PHILIPSBURG, July 22, 1880.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—The Republicans of this place opened the present presidential campaign by a large and enthusiastic meeting last evening in Potter's Hall. Although the occasion was an impromptu affair, and had scarcely any heralding whatever, yet every seat and nearly every foot of available standing room was occupied by an audience which (excepting a few disconsolate Democrats who stood in the shadowy places) was marked for its true Republican intelligence and enthusiasm.

The meeting was addressed by Mr. John G. Love, of your town, in an eloquent and argumentative speech of nearly an hour in length. The gentleman congratulated the Republicans of Philipsburg upon their numbers, as well as upon the large citizens' and veterans' Garfield and Arthur Club already organized here, and predicted that if elsewhere the members of the Republican party are as earnest and as enthusiastic as they are in Philipsburg, the Democracy, in the coming election, will suffer a defeat excelled by no similar event in the past history of that desperate, disloyal and unfortunate party. Men of business capacity and ordinary intelligence, the speaker said, intrust the management of their affairs to agents of known and approved character for honesty and integrity, so the affairs of this Government should be continued in the hands of the Republican party, a party that had defended and maintained the oneness and unity of our country, had liberated 4,000,000 of slaves, preserved as sacred the obligations of the nation, reduced the public debt till it is now less than two billion dollars. The party that had revived the business of the country, from its comatous sleep and general stagnation to a state of unknown prosperity; had brought about specie payments and made a greenback as good as gold all over the land; had established the credit of our country until it is now at par with that of any other government in the world, and had ever and always been the steadfast friend and protector of the soldier. No intelligent soldier could vote with the Democracy. While, during the dark days of the rebellion, the brave soldiers of this State were upon the weary march, or enduring the monotony of camp life, or periodically facing the horrors of the battle field, the Democratic party did all in its power to prevent our country's defenders from having the right of suffrage. The cry of the Democracy at first was against the constitutionality of the measure, but to meet that objection the Republican party of this State placed an amendment upon the constitution, giving to the soldiers in the field the right to vote, and every Democrat in the State voted "No."

Mr. Love had nothing—not a word—to say against the character of General Hancock. He had fought gallantly for his country, but the Democracy could not hide their record behind the shoulder-straps and glittering uniform of their presidential candidate. The country demands and has a right to the privilege of probing to the bottom the record of any party whatever the character of the man they may put forth for President.

The meeting adjourned with three hearty cheers and a "tiger" for Garfield and Arthur.

Mr. Love is a forcible and eloquent speaker, and the universal verdict is that his address was "red hot."

The Republicans here are thoroughly in earnest and fully aroused, and recognize the great importance of retaining, at the next election, the affairs of our government in the hand of the one and the only loyal party of the day—the great immortal Republican party. You may confidently expect old Philipsburg to roll up, next November, a larger Republican majority than ever before. We defy the Democracy to produce a single *Republican* who will vote for Hancock. The Hancock "boom" is most thoroughly exhausted in this town. It never in fact had any existence anywhere except as a matter of imagination in the diseased brain of the Democracy. That party is here under the management of Mr. Cassanova, a man of energy and puplic spirit, who, like Cronin of Oregon, has succeeded in enthusing and organizing just one person—himself. Such a result must be discouraging, and likewise the $1,000 of campaign expenses the balance of the unterrified here let him foot two years ago. It's all no go; the Democracy can't hurrah worth a cent. Seven boys and a Chinamen constituted the audience at the dedication of the Democratic banner here a few evenings ago. When the solemn scene was over the little crowd dispersed, and two oil barrels illuminatd the remains of another Democratic failure.

DAN DEQUILLE.

The Situation.

Thousands of young men will this year cast their first ballot, and they understand full well that the Democratic party fought four long bitter years to destroy the Union and perpetuate human servitude, that they starved our soldiers and sought to introduce pestilence into Northern cities. They know too that every soldier who sleeps his last sleep under Northern or Southern sun was killed by a riddling bullet fired by a Hancock rebel or died in hospital or camp while fighting against the Confederate flag, carried by Hancock Democrats. They know that every crippled Union soldier in all the north was maimed by shot or shell fired by an enemy who now shouts the same old rebel yell in making the welkin ring for Hancock. The mothers, wives and sisters of this fair land have not forgotten the four years of sorrow that these Hancock Democrats threw like a pall of sackcloth over the nation's hopes. There are still vacant places around hearthstones, where dear ones never more come. There are memories of partings with husbands, sons, brothers and lovers, of letters describing long marches, sickness in camp and hospital, of starvation in prison, of deaths, all, all inspired and caused by Democrats who now hurrah for Hancock.

The Pension business is to be entirely remodeled under the administration of Hancock. The confederate soldiers have long felt that their claim to be recognized as pensioners was a little better than those who were unfortunate enough to fight under the old flag. Robert Hannan of Graham's Cross Roads, a member of 15th Regiment, South Carolina Volunteers, has filed his application for a pension for the loss of an arm, fighting against his country. The cases will be acted upon as soon as the confederates have secured the control of the government, which they hope to do the Fourth of March next.

To hear these Hancock democrats hurrahing for honest "money, consisting of gold, silver and paper convertable into coin on demand," one would suppose that they were were really honest, even though they have for years fought every Republican measure that has given our currency its present credit both at home and abroad. They said years ago that Greenbacks were not worth the paper printed on, would never be paid and then this party gave birth to the "rag baby" and during its infancy and lunacy they have nursed it, as one of our household idols. For twenty years the democrats have opposed measures adopted by Republicans and then approved them. They opposed emancipation, and endorsed it; fought reconstruction, and embraced it; resisted resumption and now want the credit of it. They opposed military Presidents, and committed hari kari by nominating General McClellan in 1864. It was an outrage fifteen years after the war to think of the Republicans nominating the most distinguished military man living, with a brilliant civil record to match, and they give themselves away and commit hari kari again, by nominating a General less distinguished and without a smell of a civil record. "O constancy thou art a jewel."

General Garfield's letter of acceptance meets with favor everywhere. There are no evasions, no shrinking from a manly discussion of and a frank wrestling with the questions involved in the administration of the government. American citizenship, education, the interests of trade, commerce and manufactures, the unsolved problems of the war which still disturb the relations between the two sections of the country, aforetime enemies, and that should now be friends, are all discussed in a statesman-like manner, leaving no chance for misapprehension as to his attitude upon each of these great questions which must inevitably be considered by the citizens of this great country during the canvas. There is no time now to be lost, and the party with all its forces marshalled must step boldly to the front and never cease till victory perches on our banners in November.

No special election deputies will be authorized this year by the Attorney General, unless it may be in Virginia. A democratic Congress foresaw that their presence would interfere with bulldozing and ballot stuffing at the polls, and refused to make the necessary appropriation.

The recent democratic gathering in New York was at least remarkable in the amount of political taffy that was used in annointing the "old man of cipher alley." His self-denying patriotism in laying aside all claims to the Presidency in 1876, when he was not elected, and could neither steal or buy the office even with the bor'l tapped at both ends, was referred to, the audience rising and standing with uncovered heads. His undying devotion to the democratic party, which led him to decline to be a candidate at Cincinnati, when he knew he could not be nominated, was alluded to by one of the faithful in words so tender and pathetic, that eyes unused to weeping were suffused with tears.

Fashion Notes.

Gray dust cloaks of very light material are made by the French milliners to wear over muslin gowns.

Kincob is the proper name of the Indian stuff, into which threads of gold and silver are woven.

Satinette is used for petticoats by ladies who find alpaca and such too warm. Lace is the trimming.

Rough English hats in colored straw are liked by the girls who wears costumes made after London models.

The plain hem, which is the proper finish for skirts of undraped cotton gowns, may have several tucks above it.

American ginghams are very cheap this summer, and judging by the number that one sees, the girls have found it out.

When woolen gowns are made with a sash of the same material, it is knotted below the waist on the left side, in a hard knot like a saber knot.

Cassock cloaks have sleeves only a quarter of a yard deep, but the quantity of material gathered at the throat is supposed to make up for all deficiencies.

A bow of two long loops and two short ends is placed under the brim of bonnets at the back, replacing the knotted strings which were found far too hot for summer.

About 3,000 watches are sold every day in the United States.

Four-pound sweet potatoes is Florida's showing this season.

The Chinese have named their war vessels after the letters of the Greek alphabet.

A good many Scotch and English, with money enough, are settling in Manitoba.

Two-thirds of the world's trouble lies between an extinguished light and the edge of the bed.

A young man in Iowa has become partly demented by his vain efforts to raise a mustache.

Eighteen thousand Norwegians are expected to make the United States their home this year.

Poetry.

Leader of the Democrasee.

When I was a lad I went to school,
Where Uncle Samuel sends many a fool;
I polished up my buttons, and swept my room,
For which I was rewarded by a Democratic boom.
I polished up my buttons so carefulee,
That now I am the leader of the Democrasee.

In right-about-face I made such a mark,
That they gave me the post of an Adjutants's clerk;
I served the Ad. with a smile so bland,
And I copied all the orders in a big round hand.
In right-about-face I was so free,
That they made me the leader of the Democrasee.

As a white cadet I made such a name,
That a pet of the South I soon became;
I wore white gloves and a brand new suit,
At the bottom of my class at the institute;
So they dropped all their issues and nominated me,
And now I am the leader of the Democrasee

My political ignorance became so great,
That they took me up as a candidate;
So why shouldn't I obey the party's "call,"
Since I shall never have to think for myself at all,
I knew so little that they rewarded me
By making me leader of the Democrasee.

Of civil life I knew no more
Than Tilden does of military lore,
So they abandoned him and his "reform,"
And fled to me—'any port in a storm!"
They abandoned all their leaders and begged of me
To come and be the leader of the Democrasee

In the Union war I fought so well
That my name is greeted with the "rebel yell."
Of a "man on horseback" they had such a fear
That they nominated me, which is rather queer.
'Twas right about face to nominate me,
And now I am leader of Democrasee.

Now, Americans all, whoever you may be,
I'll give you a bit of stratagee;
Never go to any but a military school,
And be careful to be guided by this Democratic rule—
Keep away from polls and let politics be,
And you may be leaders of the Democrasee.

Our Story Teller.

SAVED BY LOVE.

The workroom of the jewelry manufactory of Jacobs & Co., at Attleboro, was just being closed. The tired girls were finishing their day's work, while their thoughts had already preceded time, and were anticipating the delights of the evening's pleasures or rest. Pretty, well dressed girls they were, too, when their large work aprons were removed, graceful and lady-like; not one whit less so that they had to earn their own living.

Jessie Clifford was somewhat behind hand with her work, and the girls had nearly all gone when she had completed it. She arose hurriedly, threw her apron aside, and went into the little dressing-room from which the last girl was emerging, who said:

'Why, Jessie, how late you are! I am afraid some one will have to wait to-night.'

'Oh, I shall be ready in a moment,' Jessie said, ignoring the last part of the remark.

She washed her hands hurriedly, then threw on her light, short sack, and looked for her hat in its accustomed place, but it was not there. A little wave of impatience arose within her, as she searched for it hastily, and found it laid carefully away under the lounge.

'It's that mischievous Maud Raymond,' thought she, as she put it on before the glass. 'She thinks it annoys me to keep Milton Kent waiting. She don't know—'

The door of the workroom closed with a loud bang. Her heart gave a great leap, and she rushed across the room, and called loudly. But the boy who had closed it, thinking that all was gone, was already at the foot of the stairs, his thoughts full of some fun he had on hand. Jessie realized, with a heat sickening sensation, that she was locked in for the night. She went to the windows, but there were none facing the open street. They looked down upon a vacant lot and a close, narrow court, between tall brick buildings. There was no chance of making any one hear, and she knew she would have to keep a lonely night vigil.

But Jessie was not a coward by any means, and besides had cultivated a philosophical spirit of making the best of everything. So, thinking no harm could come to her there, she went back to the little dressing-room. 'It's an ill wind that blows nobody good,' she thought, as she sat down on the lounge. 'Milton Kent will think I went out the side entrance to avoid him, and I am glad of it, for I want to discourage his attentions. I know he is as good as he can be, but he isn't my fancy. Perhaps I might have cared for him if—'

And then the handsome face of Gilbert Knight came before her mental vision, and thrilled her pulse with the boundings of true affection.

The twilight shadows deepened, the tall building shut out the last rays of the departing sun, and the objects in the room became more and more indistinct. She began to feel a loneliness creeping over her, but fought against it, and paced the floor slowly, determined to be brave.

The shadows grew still darker and the stars came out. She could see them twinkling in the soft, clear, evening sky above the towering buildings. And with pleasant thoughts for company, and wishing that the author of them was beside her, she passed into dreamland.

Hark! what was that sound? She started up with the perspiration standing on her forehead. She heard the window next the dressing-room lifted, and in a moment more steps on the floor. Listening with painful intentness, her heart throbbing so loudly that she feared it would betray her proximity, she heard that there were two. They walked past the door of the dressing room, and Jessie quaked with the fear of discovery. But, under cover of the darkness, she remained unmolested; and it was evident also that the workroom was not the goal of their ambition.

'We've done the thing neatly so far,' said one voice. 'It we can only finish as well as we have begun we shall be lucky.'

'Hush,' said the other in a low tone. 'What if we should be discovered before the job is done?'

'No danger of that. There is no one within hearing distance, Knight. I came here in the role of book-agent, the other day, and found the position of the rooms.'

The sound of the second voice had struck with a painful suspicion of familiarity on Jessie's ear, and now that name! What did it mean? Could it be possible that he was her lover? Was she not mistaken in the voice?

He spoke again—

'After all, there are worse robbers committed every day under the guise of business transactions than we are meditating. Old Jacobs has been a miser all his life, and cheated people out of thousands. It's no more than fair to take some of his ill-gotten gains.'

No, she was not mistaken. It had a characteristic ring that could not be mistaken. Some darker than night's shadows settled upon her mind, and she remained in her position as if bound.

But they passed along, and Jessie heard them working with the lock of the door which had closed upon her so untimely. For a few moments there was a dull, rasping sound, and she knew that they had succeeded in opening it and were passing down stairs. There were two more doors to open before they could gain an entrance into the store below. She rose to her feet and listened intently; she could hear the first one below yield to their hands.

She felt as i she must follow them. She did not care whether or not she was discovered. When they had opened the last door and were within the front store, she followed noiselessly—she had removed her shoes—and stood in the shadow watching their movements, as by the light of a dark lantern they proceed to open a safe which, they judged, contained the most valuable jewels.

As Jessie stood there motionless and pale there was no feeling of scorn for him. The wound was too deep for that. But there was a pathetic despair in the depths of the eyes which only a few hours before had been full of tender love-light for him, and a dreadful pain at her heart; and an infinite sadness, to think that her idol, whom she had set up to worship so much higher than his fellows, was made of baser clay than ordinary men.

By the light which he held she could discover his face dimly. Hardly conscious of what she was doing, she went forward to him as he bent over the safe he had opened. Without a word she laid her hand upon his arm. At the touch, he started as if he had been shot, and flashed the light quickly in her face. With a low cry of surprise, he met the sadness in Jessie's eyes.

His companion rose hastily, exclaiming, 'What does this mean?' as he saw the strange, dazed look upon Knight's face, and saw, too, that the girl was no stranger to him.

'Oh, Gilbert! Gilbert! Can this be possible!' Jessie said, with a pitiful wail in her voice that would have moved a heart of adamant.

He stood dumb before her. Had she reproached him he could have retorted angrily; but he had no words to meet the look in the fair, sad face upturned to his, which he had kissed so often just to see it flush and brighten under the power ul magnetism which had been the ruin of more than one woman before he had seen Jessie.

It was a scene for a painter. The bolted and barred windows showing in the dim light; the confused, shamed expression on Knight's face the pained, grieved expression on Jessie's, and the angry disappointment on the other. At length without a word Knight took the jewels he had secreted about his person and flung th m down

'You can do as you like, Kris,' he said. 'I wash my hands of the affair. It is the last time I shall undertake such a thing. Jessie, you despise me, of course, and I deserve it. But I shall remember you always as the best and dearest girl I ever knew. Good-bye. Come, Kris, let us get out of this scrape as soon as we can.'

They left empty-handed as they had come, and made their escape as they had effected their entrance, by an ingenious communication with a tall building that rose only a few feet from the workroom.

Jessie groped her way back up stairs to the little dressing-room, and sitting down again upon the lounge burst into a passion of tears. It had been a sad awakening from her sweet love-dream, for Jessie's ideal had been good, and manly, and honorable, and the real had fallen so far below it!

She began to realize that she must conceal the fact that she had been there all night, for of course she would be questioned and she shrank from answering them. So in the morning she contrived to make it appear that she had come in with the other girls, and then later she went out and ate a warm breakfast, or rather tried to force it down, to cure the fainting sensation that came over her.

Great was the surprise of all, the next morning, to find the doors open, and greater still was the surprise to find the safes open, and yet no jewels missing.

Meanwhile, in his room, Gilbert Knight was writing this note:

MISS CLIFFORD: I dare not call you dear Jessie, as my heart dictates, because I know myself unworthy. I have cared for you, let me confess it, as I have cared for many others, but I never realized until last night that you were one woman of a thousand. Something in the tender womanliness that never uttered a reproach to the wretch that dared to contaminate her with his touch went to my heart. You see I am not altogether hardened. If I did not feel the vast gulf there is between us I would go to you and ask your forgiveness. As it is, I have the grace to stay away. Some time when I have redeemed myself, may I come back?

And Jessie received the letter and cried over it, and then laid it away and waited.

Milton Kent tried in vain to win a place in her heart. She knew he never could be guilty of the deed from which she had saved the man she loved, but she could not transfer her affections to him. Her heart yearned over that other and she waited.

At the end of two years he came back and found her patient and somewhat sad, but with the old love light kindling in her eyes at sight of him.

'I have lived an honest, upright life before God and man since I left,' he said numbly. 'Jessie, will you be my wife? Can you forgive and forget?'

For all answers she reached out her arms toward him, and was held in close embrace.

Democracy in Mississippi.

The Macon (Ga.) *Star* publisher the following beautiful bit of sentiment, showing the true principles of the men who rule the Democratic party: "The great speaking-trumpet of the Republican party, the Jackson *Pilot*, has wilted before truth and justice, and the subordinate organs of that party have been driven from the field, leaving the whole field—the dear old face of Mississippi—to the keeping of the Democratic press. But we must not sleep upon our rights; we must be up and doing; there is something for all to do in this fight. Let those persons who grumble because Democratic newspaper offices print Republican tickets refuse to sell them cloth with which to make their transparencies; let the stationer refuse to sell them paper, ink and pens with which to keep the minutes of their meetings; let our merchants who are enriching the pockets of Northern wholesale merchants with the profits arising from the trade patronize Southern wholesale houses; let our county and State offices have their printing done at home, and thus build up the Southern press; inaugurate social ostracism against every white man, North or South, that gives his support to building up the Republican party; refuse to have any dealings of any sort with the Republican party, and show to the world that you are in truth and deed a true Democrat. This is the remedy, and the only remedy."

George Bancroft's Workshop.

Mr. Bancroft's workshop is upon the second floor, in a large square room facing the street, in Washington, D. C. What a place of rest and study! Great leather and shaker chairs, a great desk in the middle of the room, and all about the walls books and books. Not an inch of space that is not filled. And he has four rooms like this. The table was strewn with pamphlets, books and bushels of documents and manuscripts. The picture as you enter is one you have often seen. An old man sitting at his desk at work, and a young secretary opposite copying, verifying and arranging documents, and both encircled by walls of books. Within the four rooms composing his library, Mr. Bancroft has over twelve thousand volumes. There are larger collections of books in private houses, but Mr. Bancroft's library is remarkable for being more selected than extensive. It is peculiarly rich in the best editions of ancient classics, and has almost all the notable works in the modern European languages. The great feature of the library is the manuscripts. No man in the country has such a collection of original documents of a military or political character relating to the country. He began his great historical work in 1825. It was in this year he began to gather materials and to lay out the work that will make his name great while the world lasts.

If Noah had foreseen the future, and killed the two mosquitoes which took refuge in the ark, he would have rendered some of the strongest words in the English language unnecessary.

"If Jones undertakes to pull my ears," said a loud-mouthed fellow on a street corner, "he will just have his hands full." The crowd looked at the man's ears—and laughed.

The United States Hotel, Long Branch, was opened in 1852, and has had nearly a dozen owners and proprietors.

Local Small Talk.

—Politics are looming all over the county.

—Tyrone is rapidly rebuilding her burnt district.

—The rush of visitors to Snow Shoe still continues.

—Francis Murphy's two sons are studying law in Johnstown.

—Garcock men are encountered on the streets quite frequently.

—The days are beginning to shorten and the nights to lengthen.

—Berry pickers seem to have the faculty of getting up the biggest snake stories.

—Miss Lide Thomas, who has been absent several months in California, has returned.

—There are very few sidewalks in Bellefonte that don't need more or less repairing.

—The work of laying the new boardwalk on Water street is progressing finely.

—Bucks county increased its population 37 in ten years, and will keep shady about it.

—The boom of the cucumber has commenced. Look out now for bow knots in the stomach.

—Fasting matches, we presume, will soon be let loose upon a long suffering but patient country.

—An exchange thinks camp meetings are going out of style. We don't see any evidence of it in this vicinity.

—A "Tanner cocktail" is made of one gill of Spring creek water to one ounce of unadulterated ice. Get the best.

—On Tuesday afternoon, while being deluged by rain here, the sun was shining forth at the Intersection, so report sayeth.

—Be careful what you eat during these molera chorbus days. Or, better still, do like Tanner, and eat nothing but ripe water.

—The many friends of Mr. W. R. Teller, who has been lying low for several days, will be glad to learn of his convalesence.

—Smith's band, of Williamsport, has been sworn into service as regimental band for the Twelfth regiment N. G. of Pa.

—Centre county will no doubt be well represented at the tri-State picnic of the Patrons of Husbandry at Mechanicsburg, in August.

—Foggy mornings, it is said, produce ague. If that is the case persons subject to the disease had better lie in bed till about noontime.

—The tin horn gang is giving Beck a great deal of trouble of late. One of these days some fellow will "get the tyval knocked out 'en him."

—Tyrone's new depot is rapidly approaching completion, and Bellefonte's—well, Bellefonte's is about as near done as it was last year at this time.

—The pavements in McVeytown are covered with weeds and grass, and the *Journal* is worried for fear that strangers will take the town for a cow pasture.

—The season for catching trout is drawing to a close, and knights of the fly-rod should make good use of the time that is left them, as they doubtless will.

—Mr. Robert A. Lucas, formerly a resident of Howard, but now of Harrisburg, has been appointed postal route agent between Harrisburg and Lock Haven.

—Pottsville has a wonderful child pianist in the person of Miss Lula Veling. She has an engagement at $3,000 per year to travel with a concert company.

—If this fine growing weather continues much longer the farmers in some sections of Bald Eagle Valley will be obliged to gather their roasting ears on stilts.

—Lock Haven is not yet satisfied, and calls for more manufactures. It seems to us that our growing sister city should slow up now and give the rest of us a chance.

—Candidates for the Legislature seem to be scarce around here. If nobody is particular about running this fall, we believe we'll take a little Legislature in ours.

—It is proposed, so it is reported, to make the new middle penitentiary at Huntingdon a reformatory rather than a prison. The scheme is said to meet with much favor.

—The reason that so few woodcock are shot around here is because there are none to shoot. At least that's what the gunners say after a hard day's tramp through the swamp.

—Mr. James Sheridan, who fell from a freight car at the Phoenix planing mill on Tuesday evening, sustaining severe injuries, is said to be lying in a precarious condition.

—Business is lively about Gordon & Landis' machine shops Heavy machinery is constantly arriving at the works for repairs and new outfits, which looks as though the new enterprise was prospering.

—The *Hawkeye* says: Don't grumble about the hot weather. It is manufacturing the biggest crop of corn and potatoes and Republican votes ever known in the history of the country.

—The fence around the gas works has been brightened up by a fresh coat of whitewash. The *Democrat* thinks it would be a good idea to whitewash the gas *bills*, too. Second the motion.

—A liquor dealer in Altoona was arrested recently for selling to minors. There are one or two dealers in Bellefonte who will be served in like manner if they are not careful who they sell to.

—As will be seen by our telegraphic dispatches Harry English, the Caledonia murderer, for whom the police have been searching since last spring, has at last been captured and placed in the Ridgway jail.

—Bellefonte brags of having a good market last Saturday, with only twenty-nine wagons. Williamsport had 310 wagons the same day.—[Banner. That's all right, but the *Banner* must bear in mind the fact that it was nine o'clock in the morning before we got around to the market, and five or six hundred wagons had sold out and gone home.

—Three young ladies, Miss Minnie Tolman, of Chicago, Miss Alie Morrow, of Altoona, and Miss Nittie McFarland, of Boalsburg, in company with Mr. Frank McFarland, of the latter place, rode from Boalsburg to Bellefonte Friday on horseback, returning in the evening. This is considered quite a feat in horsemanship, and speaks well for the ladies' powers of endurance.

—A quince tree in the yard of Samuel Hoover's residence, near Hannah station, on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, is ornamented in a way to beat anything in this part of the State. The young ladies have taken a large number of hens' eggs, removed the contents through a hole in one end and then stuck the shells on the ends of the branches. It makes the strangest kind of a yard ornament and a not altogether unprepossessing one.—*Altoona Tribune.*

—A French Canadian named Samuel Martel, of Harrisburg, attempted to kill two men with a pen knife on Tuesday, but was knocked down and arrested after stabbing his victims several times. He is a member of the Liberal League, an infidel association of that city, and while engaged in discussing his religious views some one remarked that he ought to be ashamed of himself, which led to the rumpus. He ought to be placed where he'll not see daylight for one or two years at least.

—Work on the artesian well being sunk on the premises of Mr. Conrad H. Struble, near State College, has ceased, an abundant supply of water having been reached at a depth of 220 feet. The capacity of the well at present is 84 gallons per minute, and Mr. Struble informs us that in a few days it will be increased to 100 gallons. Although he has met with many reverses and been greatly annoyed in various ways while engaged in the work, he now has the satisfaction of knowing that he has the most valuable and best working well in this section.

The State Fair.

In order that the business of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society, in relation to the coming State Fair, to be held at the Permanent Exhibition building, in September next, may be transacted with dispatch, the secretary of the society, D. W. Seller, and his chief clerk have opened an office in the New York Mutual Life Insurance building, at the northeast corner Tenth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, where hereafter all applications for the admission of goods for the exhibition will have to be made.

Tri-State Picnic.

The seventh annual tri-State picnic of the Patrons of Husbandry and farmers of Southern Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia and adjoining States will be held at Williams' Grove, near Mechanicsburg, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th. It is the intention of the committee in charge to make the gathering the most extensive of the kind ever held in the State, not excepting the State fair. A great many prominent gentlemen are expected to be present, among others President Hayes, Gov. Hoyt, Hon. Wm. L. LeDuc, Commissioner of Agriculture, General James A. Beaver, of this place, and several distinguished agriculturists from other parts of the country. Excursion tickets will be sold at very low rates at all points on the Pennsylvania railroad and branches, good to go August 23d, 24th and 25th, and to return until the 30th.

Shall it be Made a Reformatory?

The project of making the Middle Penitentiary, now being erected at Huntingdon, a reformatory rather than a penal institution is attracting considerable attention throughout the State. A gentleman writing to the Pittsburgh *Chronicle* in regard to the matter says:

It is now the earnest desire of several gentlemen that changes should be made before another appropriation is secured. The original appropriation was clearly given for the purpose of erecting a penal institution, whereas it is contended that the better plan would be to erect a reformatory institution. Lewis Peterson, Jr., of Allegheny, a member of the State Board of Charities and Correction, contends that it is altogether wrong to commit a man to a place like the Western Penitentiary when he was arrested for a first offense, on the ground that contact with hardened criminals can only do the novice harm. Outside of these arguments for reform more than penal punishment which philanthrophy would suggest, Mr. Peterson very pertinently argues that the mere punishing of criminals does not protect society in the future, so that as a measure of self-defense, it would seem that a reformatory institution is the thing most to be desired.

The gentleman, in common with other influential citizens, earnestly desires and will do what they can to assure the Middle Penitentiary being a reformatory rather than a penal institution. Their idea is to commit all prisoners guilty of a first offense to the new building, and to take from the Eastern and Western Penitentiaries prisoners of a similar stamp, thus retaining the two latter institutions for the more hardened criminals.

Where to Recreate.

Bellefonters who wish to spend a few weeks of the summer season out of town, away from the cares and bustle of a busy place, cannot find a more desirable locality in which to spend the heated term than Snow Shoe. The Bellefonte and Snow Shoe Railroad Company, one of the most accommodating roads in the country, run two trains daily to this delightful mountain town, and the large number of people who have visited the place this season attests its popularity as a summer resort.

The "Chinclaclamouche House," which is fast growing into prominence as a first-class summer hotel, is located not over twenty yards from the depot, and offers every inducement to those in search of pleasure or recreation. The proprietor, Mr. Edward Nolan, is one of the most pains-taking and agreeable of landlords, and, assisted by his pleasant, affable wife, will give you a hearty welcome to his house, and make you feel as happy and comfortable as though occupying a cottage at Long Branch. The Chincleclamouche is a large, commodious building, recently enlarged and improved, and well furnished throughout. The chambers are spacious and airy, the servants well drilled in their respective duties, and the table fare superb and highly spoken of by all who have been guests of the house. The hotel surroundings are also delightful, being located on the summit of the mountains, where cool breezes, both fresh and invigorating, are continually blowing. With such a charming resort within easy access, and such complete hotel accommodations, the residents of Bellefonte and surrounding towns need go no farther than Snow Shoe for their "Long Branch" or "Ocean Grove."

All Outstanding School Warrants to be Paid.

HARRISBURG, July 12, 1880.

The State Treasurer, Hon. Samuel Butler, authorizes me to give notice that all outstanding warrants isued to school districts for the appropriation of 1879, numbered up to 1,500, will be paid as presented during the present month; and that the balance of these warrants, numbered from 1,500 upwards, remaining unpaid at the end of July, will be paid during August.

I congratulate school directors and all interested in public schools, that the long delay in the payment of money due from the State is thus happily ended.

J. P. WICKERSHAM,
Supt. Pub. Instruction.

A Serious Fall.

Mr. James Sheridan, an employe of the Phoenix planing mill, of this place, met with what may prove a serious accident Tuesday evening. In unloading a carload of lumber the canthook he was using slipped from a plank which he was endeavoring to remove, causing him to lose his balance and fall backward off the car to the ground. He struck on his head and shoulders in a pile of scantling, and was severely cut about the head and neck. It is feared that he sustained internal injuries, which may result seriously.

New Advertisements.

17 STOP ORGANS.
Sub-Bass and Coupler, boxed and shipped, only $97.75. New Pianos, $195 to $1600. Mid-summer offer illustrated free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. 27-4t

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To Young Men.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATment, and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author "Green Book," &c.

This world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

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Address the Publishers,
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NEW ENTERPRISE.

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Agricultural Implement
AND
SEED STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

They mean by this all the name imports, that is, to deal in and to furnish to farmers at the lowest possible price everything in the shape of an agricultural implement that farmers use, including *SEEDS* of all kinds.

At present we have on hand and are the authorized agents for the sale of the *OLIVER CHILLED PLOW*, made at South Bend, Ind. It is the best chilled plow now made; also the Keystone and iron beam plows, made at Centre Hall. No better plows than these can be had for the same amount of money. Also the Centre Hall Cornplanter. We need say nothing about the merits of this planter, as the 2000 now in use in Centre county demonstrates them to be the best.

HARROWS and CULTIVATORS of the latest improved patterns.

MOWERS, REAPERS and GRAIN BINDERS.—Of these we sell the Osborne, either as separate mowers, combined reapers and mowers, single harvesters, or as combined reapers and binders.

THE WHEELER, No. 6, as a combined machine, is the best machine of the kind in the market.

The greatest improvement of the age is the *NORRISTOWN GLEANER AND BINDER.* Call and see it. It is wonderfully perfect.

Any boy twelve years old, with one horse, will follow and bind all the grain that any reaper with side delivery will cut. It not only binds but gleans, and will save the price of the machine in one year by taking up from the stubble that which is now lost.

The McSHERRY GRAIN DRILL either with or without broadcast hoes, with or without fertilizer and seed sowing attachments. It is the best grain drill for all purposes in the market.

The GEISER THRESHER AND SEPARATOR.—The reputation of this machine is so well established that we can say nothing about it that the people do not know. Any person wanting one, or in need of repairs for those now in the county, please call.

HEEBNER'S PATENT LEVEL TREAD HORSE POWER, for one and two horses, with Patent Speed Regulator. Little Giant Thresher and Cleaner.

Wagons, Carriages, Buggies and Phaetons.—We are agents for the sale of the celebrated *CONKLIN WAGON*, the reputation of which is so well established; also of the *CORTLAND PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS*, Carriages, Phaetons and Buggies. All are warranted. Call and see specimens and examine catalogues as to styles and prices before buying elsewhere. Catalogues furnished on application.

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POWDER.—We are Dupont's agents. Blasting, Sporting and Rifle Powder on hand and sold at wholesale prices; also fuse.

GRAIN.—After the growing crop is harvested we will be prepared to pay the highest market price for all kinds of grain.

COAL.—Our yard is always stocked with the best Anthracite Coal which we sell at lowest price.

LIME.—We make the best white lime in the State. Its properties for mechanical and agricultural purposes excel all others.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.—We are their agents for Centre county and will supply all parties wishing good and true scales at their lowest prices.

We extend an invitation to everybody in want of anything in our line to call at our store rooms, opposite the Bush House, and see what we have, and learn from those in attendance more particularly the scope of our business. ALEXANDER & CO.
Bellefonte, Pa., May 6, 1880. 12-10-tf

$66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 12-27-6m

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table April 29 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 55
Flemington	5 29	4 00
Mill Hall	5 34	4 03
Beech Creek	5 50	4 15
Eagleville	5 55	4 20
Howard	6 09	4 31
Mount Eagle	6 18	4 40
Curtin	6 25	4 45
Milesburg	6 36	4 55
Bellefonte	6 46	5 05
Milesburg	6 56	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 18
Unionville	7 09	5 27
Julian	7 18	5 38
Martha	7 27	5 47
Port Matilda	7 35	5 55
Hannah	7 42	6 03
Fowler	7 48	6 09
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 17
Vail	7 59	6 21
East Tyrone	8 03	6 25
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	6 32
EASTWARD.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 20
East Tyrone	7 15	8 27
Vail	7 19	8 31
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 37
Hannah	7 36	8 49
Port Matilda	7 44	3 56
Martha	7 52	9 7
Julian	8 01	9 16
Unionville	8 11	9 28
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 40
Milesburg	8 24	9 43
Bellefonte	8 32	9 51
Milesburg	8 45	10 3
Curtin	8 55	10 14
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 19
Howard	9 08	10 29
Eagleville	9 18	10 42
Beech Creek	9 22	10 47
Mill Hall	9 34	11 00
Flemington	9 37	11 4
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 8

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after May 30, 1880:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 07 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 00 a m
" arr at Erie		7 55 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		12 20 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven		4 20 p m
" " Renovo		5 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 50 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 35 p m
" " Williamsport		7 25 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 40 p m
EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		6 45 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 15 a m
" " Williamsport		7 55 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		11 40 a m
" Philadelphia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo		9 50 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 10 a m
" " Williamsport		12 20 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 45 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		8 40 p m
" " Lock Haven		9 50 p m
" " Williamsport		11 10 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		2 45 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 40 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 35 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 50 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 40 a m

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R.R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.29 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.25 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.00 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 3.45 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.57 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

"Throw Physic to the Dogs."

DR. HALL'S
ELECTRIC BELTS.

☞ For the cure of all nervous diseases without the least derangement of the patient's habits or daily occupation. This appliance exerts powerful and beneficial influence throughout the whole frame: **is applicable to either sex,** and affords *instantaneous* relief in the following diseases:

Rheumatism,
Neuralgia,
Dyspepsia,
Lumbago,
General Debility,
Headaches,
Dizziness,
Impotency,
Spermatorrhœa,
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These belts are the result of the profound research and experiment in Electro-Therapeutics, and by their peculiar construction, a *continuous* "galvanic current" is generated, which permeates the whole frame, and especially envelops the suffering parts with its gentle influence. This current assimilates closer to the *nervous fluid* than anything known to medical science—hence its potency as a curative agent.

Most especially is the application of electricity in this form beneficial to those disorders arising from youthful indiscretion, sexual excess, or dissipations of any kind, whereby the procreative powers are lessened and *Impotency* threatened. No false delicacy or sense of shame should prevent the sufferer, subject to restless nights, nightmare, dreams, palpitation of the heart, neuralgia, dimness of sight and other symptoms of nervous and physical debility, applying to the undersigned for relief.

These belts are light, perfectly flexible, and easily adjusted, all of which, together with their cheapness, renders them superior to any other form for the application of electricity, medicinally.

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And no remedy can be compared to it for the treatment of IMPOTENCE and loss of nervous vitality.

This belt is recommended by the most eminent physiologists of this country and Europe.

"Ingenious, wonderful—a deathblow to the old system of drugging."—*London* (Eng.) *Lancet.*

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"I cheerfully recommend Dr. Hall's Electric Belt, and consider it one of the greatest blessings to mankind that has been put before the public."—*Dr d'Barr*, Paris, France.

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Full instructions with each belt, when you order.

When ordering, state exact measurement round the waist.

Send money by postoffice money orex-de press or registered letter.

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Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

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Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER,
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Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. VOSBURG,
Attorney-At-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office with Clement Dale, High street. 12-12-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

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DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Has been in constant use by the public for over twenty years, and is the best preparation ever invented for RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS YOUTHFUL COLOR AND LIFE.

It supplies the natural food and color to the hair glands without staining the skin. It will increase and thicken the growth of the hair, prevent its blanching and falling off, and thus AVERT BALDNESS.

It cures Itching, Eruptions and Dandruff. As a HAIR DRESSING it is very desirable, giving the hair a silken softness which all admire. It keeps the head clean, sweet and healthy.

The State Assayer and Chemist of Mass. and leading Physicians endorse and recommend it as a great triumph in medicine.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FOR THE
WHISKERS
will change the beard to a BROWN or BLACK at discretion. Being in one preparation it is easily applied, and produces a permanent color that will not wash off.

PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Dress Making.

PLAIN, FANCY SEWING
—AND—
LACE WORK.

MRS. JANE HALEY, opposite the Cemetery, takes this method to solicit from the people of Bellefonte work. Can do

PLAIN & FANCY SEWING
OR LACE WORK.

Any person having such work to do can have it done well by Mrs. Haley, and at the same time help a worthy poor woman. 3-tf

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!
JAMES HARRIS & CO.,
ARE SELLING VERY LOW
REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
And all kinds of Farming Tools,
RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,
As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

Medicinal..

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

DAY'S
Kidney
PAD

CURES Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, Gravel, Painful Urinating, High Colored Urine, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Nervous Debility, Female Weakness, and all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER, and URINARY ORGANS, when nothing else can.

LOOK OUT for imitations, Ask for, and take only the DAY PAD.

For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail free on receipt of price, $2.00. Certificates of cures and our book "How a Life was Saved," sent on receipt of your address to
12-5 1y. F. POTTS GREEN,
Wholesale Agt. for Centre Co.

Shaving Saloons.

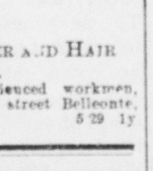
M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen. Felty's new building, High street Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

Miscellaneous.

WILLIAMS & BRO.,
PRACTICAL HOUSE PAINTERS.
GRAINING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
PAPER-HANGING,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
KALSOMINING.
☞ Paint Shop and Office in Second Story of
McCLAIN'S BLOCK, op. BUSH HOUSE
-46-1y BELLEFONTE, PA.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.



The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of

AFTER TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

Self-Abuse: as loss of memory, universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or 6 packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.
HARRIS & EWING, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa. j4daw1y

Foundry and Machinists.

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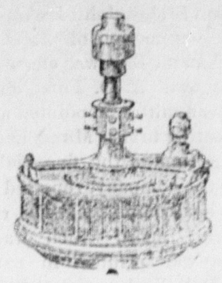

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BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

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Medical.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.
TRY IT
SANFORD'S
To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its healthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.
LIVER
The Liver is the seat of diseases. The Liver Invigorator tects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.
INVIGORATOR
The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
DR. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 102 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

Is a sure cure for all the ordinary diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine. It cures and prevents Chicken Cholera. Your cow is certain to yield 25 per cent more and better milk and butter. Stock fattens on one-fourth less feed!

Being in possession of a large number of excellent testimonials, I subjoin a few:

I have been using your Cattle Powder for horses, cows, chickens and pigs, and find it a *first class thing.*—GEORGE BOND, Germantown, Pa.

Please send me half a gross of Cattle Powder. I have used two packs on my cow and chickens. The cow gave nearly twice the quantity of milk that she did before, and gave twice the amount of butter. My chickens were dying, but were cured immediately after I had used the powder. Yours truly, JONAS PASOUR, Dallas, N. C.

I have used and compared your Cattle Powder with all others, and must say it is the best for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. I have tried it on poultry for many complaints, with success in every case.—JONATHAN WEAVER, Berrysburg, Pa.

Last summer you sent me a pack of your powder which I gave to my poultry, and have not had one droopy turkey or chicken since.—MRS. WM. KNAPP, Orange, N. Y.

Send me a pack or two of your Cattle Powder. The pack I got from you last winter cured the chicken cholera. I gave some of it to a neighbor and it cured his chickens.—JOHN WILLIAMS, Spruce Vale, Ohio.

Address me for a pamphlet full of useful information for the farmer, horseman or dairyman. F. A. MULLER,
29-1y 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Charles E. Shedaker and Joseph H. Lindsay, proprietors of the Economy Shirt Works, is this day dissolved. Charles E. Shedaker, the senior and continuing proprietor, having purchased the entire business, measurements and patterns, will be pleased to have a continuance of former patronage.

N. B.—C. F. Peddirick has no further connection with this house, and is not authorized to collect any bills. All accounts must be settled with Charles E. Shedaker.

CHARLES E. SHEDAKER,
Successor to Shedaker & Lindsay, Economy Shirt Works, N. E. cor. Eighth and Walnut Sts., Philadelphia.
Philadelphia, June 5, 1880. 25-4t

Miscellaneous.

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES
KIDNEY DISEASES,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
Constipation and Piles.

DR. R. H. CLARK, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of KIDNEY TROUBLE it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of PILES, and has never failed to act efficiently."

NELSON FAIRCHILD, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After fifteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. HOGABOM, of Berkshire, says, "one package has done wonders for me. It is completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

BECAUSE IT ACTS ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Female disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six qts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

Buy it at the Druggists. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER
Is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—*J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Lorimers, Pa.* Free U. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop's, Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

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OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State
Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitor of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 7-1f

MINING STOCK FOR SALE.

The Carbonate Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Leadville, Col., own more valuable Gold and Silver Mines than any other Company in the State. The stock is ten dollars per share, full paid up, and non-assessable. They now offer a limited number of shares for sale through the undersigned, at $2.00 per share. References and information cheerfully given. Direct all orders and communications to M. BOYD, 144 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. P. O. Box 1064 12-12-1y

Everybody Make Money!

Watches, Novelties, Jewelry, Oddities, Notions, &c.

Now is the time to push your business or start anew. Our goods are of the very latest styles, purchased mostly at Auction or private Bankrupt Sales, except those we manufacture, warranted as represented. Send for catalogue, prices named, and order your goods. Address, New York Auction Co., 21 Park Row, New York 12-9-6m

Tinware.

What's in a Name?

E. A. SMITH,
TINSMITH.

-ALL MY TINWARE WARRANTED.-

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE

SMITH TINWARE.

ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING
MADE A SPECIALTY BY ME.
My Work Is All Warranted!

LIGHTNING RODS
Erected and Repaired.

Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces. Also set, clean and repair stoves, &c.

COME AND SEE.
Under Wilson, McFarlane & Co.'s Hardware Depot, First National Bank Block. 13-13-1y

Hotels

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch
PHILAD'A
Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
18-1y JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. 23-1y

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
f not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each addtional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or olank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Republican County Executive Committee for 1880.

District.	Names.	P. O. Address
Bellefonte, N.W.	David M. Glenn	Bellefonte
do S.W.	H. H. Benner	Bellefonte
do W.W.	Wm. Shortlidge	Bellefonte
Howard boro	Joseph Royer	Howard
Milesburg boro.	Lyman T Eddy	Milesburg
Millheim do	A O Deininger	Millheim
Philipsbu'g do	Capt Harry Simler	Phil'burg
Unionville do	Dr E A Russell	Fleming
Benner twp	John P Seibert	Bellefonte
Boggs twp	Capt Austin Curtin	Roland
Burnside twp	Wm Stewart Jr.	Moshannon
College twp	Dr. Theodore S. Christ	Lemont
Curtin twp	Warren S Lucas	Howard
Ferguson O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Grove Mills
Ferguson N P	Dan'l M Clemson	Rock Sprg's
Gregg twp	Robt H Duncan	Spring Mills
Huston twp	Ira F Davis	Julian Furnace
Howard twp	D B Pletcher	Howard
Harris twp	Geo B Jack	Boalsburg
Half Moon twp	Larry C Lore	Loveville
Haines twp	Dr P T Musser	Aaronsburg
Liberty twp	D B Kunes	Blanchard
Miles twp	Reuben Grimm	Maddisonburg
Marion twp	Capt S H Bennison	Walker
Penn twp	David Kimport	Millheim
Patton twp	Wm I. Furst	Buffalo Run
Potter O P	Jas C Boal	Centre Hall
Potter N P	W J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush twp	John A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe twp	C P Stoneroad	Snow Shoe
Spring twp	A J Swartz	Pleasant Gap
Taylor twp	D G Ganoe	Fowler
Union twp	B W Shipley,	Fleming
Walker twp	Philip Walter	Nittany
Worth twp	Thomas Weston	Port Matilda

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, } Secretaries.
CLAUDE COOK, }

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN CO. COM. }
BELLEFONTE, Pa., July 28, 1880. }

DR. THEO. S. CHRIST is this day appointed a member of the Republican County Executive Committee for College township, in place of DAVID DALE, deceased.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Ch'n.

A GARFIELD AND ARTHUR CLUB will be organized at MILESBURG on THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 28. Let there be a full attendance.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—The Newton Hamilton *Watchman* will be published daily during the continuance of the camp-meeting.

—Clintondale camp-meeting begins August 19th. Several Bellefonte parties will occupy tents on the ground.

—Miss Amanda Tome, of Jersey Shore, and Miss Lizzie Moulton, of Camden, N. J., are visiting in town, the guests of Mrs. D. G. Bush.

—Business was not as brisk in town on Saturday as it generally is. Farmers cannot find time to come to town during this fine harvest weather.

—New hay brings from $15 to $18 per ton in this vicinity. We predict that good hay will be scarce next winter and kard to procure at those figures.

—The *Watchman* thinks it would be a good idea to erect a street lamp on the depot bridge. We, and a great many of our citizens, are of the same opinion.

—Bellefonte has been visited by an unusually large number of beggars, professional and otherwise, during the past week. Old clothes and shoes thankfully received.

—Over a thousand brick-layers and masons are at work in Milton rebuilding, and more are needed, which speaks well for the business enterprise of her citizens.

—An exchange says that burning the bunghole of a kerosene barrel with a red hot poker will cause the barrel to disappear. And the fellow with the poker, too, it should have added.

—Huntingdon merchants close their places of business at 8 o'clock P. M. Bellefonte merchants close their places of business whenever they get ready, which is all the way from 9 to 11 o'clock.

—Mrs. James A. Beaver and family, Mrs. Dr. Hale and family, Miss Jennie Gehret, Miss Mollie Nesbit and Miss Rachel Marshall all left on the morning train Friday for Ocean Grove, expecting to remain several weeks.

Crookedness Unearthed.

An adjourned meeting of the policy holders of the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company was held in the Court House on Friday, John Irwin, Jr., presiding. On motion of A. O. Furst, Esq., Clement Dale was elected secretary *pro tem.* A. O. Furst, chairman of the committee appointed at a former meeting to visit Muncy and make investigations of the financial condition of the company, reported the action of the committee. For convenience, the report, which was very lengthy, was printed in pamphlet form. D. S. Keller and Adam Hoy, Esqs., also members of the committee, made verbal statements of what work had been performed, and in their remarks ventured certain suggestions as to the most advisable course to pursue for the best interest of the policy holders. Quite a spirited discussion followed, which was participated in by Messrs. E. C. Humes, Edmund Blanchard, John B. Linn and others.

John W. Lloyd, representing the interests of the policy holders of Lycoming county, was present, and spoke of the action that had been taken in that section.

By the report, it appears that the affairs of the company have been managed in a very loose way, and that there is criminal incompetency—to use no harsher term—on the part of the officers. One of the speakers said the report "showed great want of honesty on the part of the officers; that they had lied in that they had sworn to a report that they had $56,000 on Jan. 1, 1880, when in fact their liabilities, in excess of all assets, were $126,000. Shall the policy holders in this county pay $25,000 to these liars and thieves? There should not be one cent paid to them. They had perjured themselves, and were liable to go to the penitentiary. These men have showed by their acts that they are dishonest—that they are thieves."

Another speaker said "that if these men do not land in the penitentiary they will land very near it. I never saw such a report from men that laid any claims to honesty—never heard of such a thing before."

A set of resolutions were offered, which we intended to publish, but they were taken from the secretary before we could get them. They were offered by John B. Linn, Esq., and proposed that the resignation of the Board of Directors be demanded and a new board of men chosen, that honest men might be had to receive this money. It was concluded not to pass them at present, and the following was substituted:

Resolved, That the present committee be continued, with power, in connection with committees appointed by meetings of policy holders in other counties or places, to take such measures as in their judgment will best conserve the interests of the policy holders, in procuring an immediate liquidation and closing out of the affairs of the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company.

The meeting then adjourned.

A Photographic Phenomenon.

At Mr. Charles Glenn's photographic car, on Water street, may be seen a somewhat remarkable specimen of photography—at least it will so be considered when the facts concerning the matter are explained. On Friday afternoon a young couple from up the valley, a gentleman and lady, called at the car for the purpose of having their pictures taken. Mr. Glenn not being engaged at the time, gave them his immediate attention, and in a few moments the pair were sitting before the mysterious instrument. At the proper moment the covering was removed from the camera, and in less time than it takes to tell it "the thing waf did." The artist then retired to his dark room to put on the finishing touches. Judge of his astonishment when, on bringing the negative to light, a third person, that of an old lady, appeared in the picture as clear and distinct as the other two. The old lady stands behind the chairs with her arms laid on those of the young man in such a manner as to convey the impression that she desired to remove him from the side of his companion. It is a strange occurrence and has caused considerable talk among the photographers and scientific men in this vicinity. Only three persons were in the car at the time, and Mr. Glenn assures us that the glass on which the negative was taken was perfectly clear and free from any substance that could have produced such a result. We have sometimes heard of spiritual photography, but whether this could be termed as such we are unable to say. Can anyone furnish us with an explanation of the mystery?

—A New York doctor advertises to cure "unnatural redness of the nose." He ought to locate in Bellefonte for a few weeks. We could put him on the track of several "blossoms" that need toning down.

—Mr. J. B. Kinsley, the Singer Sewing Machine man, spent Sunday in Jersey Shore.

To Commercial Men.

The Bush House has at last procured a hotel man that understands his business and attends to the same. I spent several days as a guest of this house, and say unhesitatingly that the change is great. The hotel is newly furnished, re-painted, papered and altered so that one is enabled to enjoy himself and be at home. Table fully supplied with the choicest products of the county as well as all luxuries of the eastern markets. Neatness and cleanliness prevails; linens new and white as snow; rooms well supplied with towels; attention the best. Mr. Peters is always on hand, full of life and ready to receive all with a warm welcome. His son, a youth of 16 summers, is his assistant, and from his pleasant manner and close attention to business, is destined to make his mark at no distant day.

Mrs. Peters assumes the entire control of the upper portion of the house. The kitchen management is also under her immediate supervision, which accounts for everything being superbly clean and neat. She is the first landlady Bellefonte ever had, and the citizens may well be proud that Mr. Bush has, after years of trial, at last leased the Bush House for a term of years to such a successful hotellist as Mr. Peters.

Mr. Peters assures me that the house is doing well, and that he has been able to pay his bills and also the rent out of the profits of the house. He states that he expects to arrange it so that all travelers will become patrons of this mammoth hotel. Inquiring of him as to the cause of his success he said that he believes it is due to the fact that he buys the best for cash and sells for cash at reasonable rates. I cheerfully call upon all commercial men who visit Bellefonte to make the Bush House their headquarters. COMMERCIAL TRAVELER.

From Port Matilda.

I learn that one of John T. Fowler's men had his hand severed from his arm a few days ago. How this painful accident happened I did not learn.

A man with only one leg and his mouth badly used up, claiming to be a soldier, sat on Mr. Reese's store porch all night a night or two ago. We should prefer a bed with two blankets on these cool nights.

A tramp came to the house of Mr. John T. Fowler a few days ago and stopped for refreshments. In the meantime Mr. Fowler learned that he was a painter by trade and found work for him. He did satisfactory work for three or four days when his oil became exhausted. He donned a suit of Mr. T.'s clothes, so he would look respectable, and went to Tyrone to get more oil. Mr. Fowler gave him five dollars and his railroad book worth thirty-five dollars. Mr. D. Ganoe gave him over a dollar to buy medicine. The tramp went to Tyrone bought oil and missed the train. He went back to the merchant, told how he missed the train and wanted a dollar to pay a night's lodging, which he received on Mr. F.'s credit. He then went to the gun store and got Mr. Fowler's revolver, worth $16, that Mr. F. had left there for repairs. The next morning he hired a rig to take him to Altoona. In that city he sold all his merchandise and skipped out, and has not been heard of since. Mr. F. recovered his revolver, however, and that was all. We give this as we got it from a very reliable man, who was there.

Our intelligent and social friends, Messrs. John and Samuel Thompson, left this place for Bellefonte on Thursday. From thence they will make an extended trip through New York State, visit Niagara Falls and other places of interest. Mr. John Thompson, although a Democrat, speaks very highly of our President, as he is intimately acquainted with him. He also said no one should find favlt with Gen. Garfield about the DeGoyler pavement, as his tax would be about five cents, while Washington City is the pride of the nation.

AS USUAL.

Found Dead on a Box Car.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* of Tuesday says: Information was received in this city this morning of the death of Jacob Morette, a young man of about twenty-three years, in the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad as a brakeman. Young Morette left last night on a freight train eastward bound and this morning he was seen at Downingtown lying at full length on top of a freight car. Examination led to the discovery that he was dead. His skull was crushed, and the theory, which is very probably correct, is that he was struck by a bridge and killed. The remains were brought to Harrisburg at noon to-day on Chicago express, and conveyed to the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. H. Reuter on Boas street. Deceased had been running about two weeks, having lately came from the west. He was a quiet, industrious young man, and his death will be greatly lamented by his family and friends.

Employees to Keep Mum.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has issued the following sensible order in regard to its employees meddling with politics:

The special attention of the officers and employees of the company is called to the following preamble and resolution adopted by the board of directors on June 29, 1880, viz:

WHEREAS, It has been the avowed policy of this company since its organization to keep aloof from all political contests, and to discountenance any active participation of its officers and employees therein;

Resolved, That, while disclaiming any desire to interfere with the individual rights of our officers, agents or employees in the exercise of the right of suffrage, we will regard any attempt on their part to control the votes of those in the service of this company, or to prevent their influence to the support of any political party, as a direct violation of the standing rules and regulations, and inconsistent with the interests of the company.

G. B. ROBERTS, President.

A Ferocious Cow.

Mr. Armagast, a farmer living near Fillmore, purchased a cow a few days since that turned out to be a vicious brute. While watering his stock on Wednesday, the cow rushed upon a valuable horse, driving her horns through the jugular vein in his neck, and killing him almost instantly. The cow then wheeled around and charged upon another horse, and before she could be driven from the yard, gored horse number two under the fore shoulder, making a deep gash, and which it is thought may prove fatal. The cow, we are informed, acted in a strangely ferocious manner, like an enraged buffalo, and would have done a great deal more damage had she not been secured.

—Certain Dutch naturalists are testing the ability of the domestic cat to act as postman. Selecting Luik for their headquarters, they thence dispatch a number of cats, securely tied up in woollen bags, to the neighboring villages, where they are freed from confinement and turned loose, with neat pockets of letters firmly strapped to their backs. At once their domestic instincts come into full play, and they swiftly flee homewards with unswerving directness. Of thirty-seven cats thus constrained to serve their country not one has hitherto failed to fulfill its postal function with excellent punctuality.

This shows that cats, like dogs, can be made useful if properly trained. The fact also, that Sechler & Co., in Bush House block, do the largest grocery business of any store in the county, shows that the people in this vicinity are well trained as to where to get the best and purest groceries. Sechler & Co. keep none but fresh and genuine goods, and it will be to everyone's advantage to do their trading at this establishment.

—During our visit to Snow Shoe we were handsomely entertained by Postmaster Shirer and family. We spent several pleasant evenings at their home, and pronounce Mr. Shirer an organist of no mean standing, although he is a little backward about showing off. But music has charms for him, it is plain to be seen, as it sometimes follows him into dreamland. Mr. Shirer and family will long be remembered by us, and will always have our best wishes.

—The fame of the Chincleclamoose House, Snow Shoe, is spreading in all directions. Monday fifteen people, many of them from a distance, left on the morning train bound for this popular hotel, with the intention of remaining several weeks.

—The ancient obelisk, the gift of Egypt to the United States, has at last safely landed in New York. If you want to be thought of any account hereafter it will be necessary to register yourself from New York when traveling.

—Another good market Saturday morning and plenty of buyers—a great variety of farm produce was offered, the bulk of it good in quality. We saw several lots of fine looking apples and other early fruit.

—A social dance will be given in the old Armory Hall, on Friday night next. Smith's orchestra will furnish the music. The best of order will be preserved and a good time generally may be expected.

He who neglects to use DAYS KIDNEY PAD, for any disease of the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs, courts suffering and invites death.

ALL policy holders in the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company should have a copy of the report of the committee sent to investigate the affairs of the company. These reports, neatly printed in pamphlet form, can be obtained at the *Democrat* office. Price per copy 15 cents.

WATERMELONS, Cantaloupes and Peaches at Sourbeck's Green Grocery.

A Little Thing.

We are creditably informed that the Associate Law Judge of this district did the other day what might be termed a little thing. It seems that the electors of Ferguson township last spring failed to elect registration assessors for the respective election precincts of the township. In case of a vacancy or vacancies the law says the *Court of Common Pleas* shall appoint reputable persons to serve as registration Assessors, and provides that such Assessors *shall* be appointed as nearly as can be ascertained from the party having a majority of the votes in the respective districts. It is a well-known fact that the western or new precinct of Ferguson is Republican and has been Republican ever since its formation, and his honor the Associate Law Judge could not be ignorant of that fact. The records of the court show an appointment of one W. Walker as registration Assessor for that western precinct of Ferguson township who is a very active Democrat and offensive partisan. This appointment purports to have been made July 24. We have been unable to find a lawyer who was present in Court that day during the whole time the Court was in session, that knew of the application for the appointment. They say they remember of an application of that kind for the appointment of Assessors for Potter township, but do not remember of any for Ferguson. The questions that arise are these: Was the appointment made by the court on Saturday, July 24, or was it made subsequently by the A. L. Judge and antedated. If the latter, then the appointment is without warrant of law and is illegal. Second, if the appointment was made by the Court on Saturday, the 24th, why was it done clandestinely, and why appoint a Democrat when the law imperatively demanded a republican. It certainly is not an honorable thing to use the Judicial powers of the bench to further the interests of a political party. Neither is it honorable or right for a Judge to violate law when he sits as the administrator of the law. We call attention to this to show its littleness, and to show that the Democracy are willing to prostitute the judiciary, violate law and disregard the express letter of the law in order to further the interests of their party. And we suggest that if judges, when they don the judicial ermine, are unwilling to lay aside the murky covering of the partisan, they should be taught to do so by a moderate dose of impeachment.

A Campaign Lie Nailed.

The New York *World* has given publicity to a report that General Garfield was guilty of a sale of official influence in connection with the De Golyer contract, so-called, and in support of this assertion said that the case in which this opinion was rendered was tried in Cook Co., Ill., in May, 1875, and was decided on appeal in October, 1879, in the United States Supreme Court, and the following paragraph is stated to be the words of Justice Swayne:

"The agreement with General Garfield, a member of Congress, to pay him $5,000 as a contingent fee for procuring a contract which was itself made to depend upon a future appropriation by Congress—which appropriation could only come from a committee of which he was chairman—was a sale of official influence which no veil can cover, against the plainest principles of public policy. No counsellor at law while holding high office has a right to put himself in a position of temptation, and under pretence of making a legal agreement, exert his official influence upon public officers dependent upon his future action. Certainly the courts of justice will never lend themselves to inforce contracts obtained by such influence."

Justice Swayne is now at Sharon Springs, and he has just given the following explicit and absolute denial to the above campaign lie. He says:

"So far as I am concerned there is an entire misstatement. I never wrote a word of what is attributed to me with quotation marks. I never knew anything of the facts of the matter charged against General Garfield, and it certainly never was in any shape before the Supreme Court. I had, therefore, neither occasion or opportunity to express any judicial opinion upon the subject. It is not stated where any case in which Gen. Garfield was concerned is reported. My confident impression is that I never heard of such a case before. Gen. Garfield is a personal friend of mine, and I have the highest confidence in his integrity. The statements in the *World* are an entire fabrication, and without a particle of truth to sustain them."

In order that there might be no possible mistake in reporting his words, Justice Swayne himself wrote out the above denial.

A party that finds it necessary to circulate such falsehoods in support of their cause must be in a desperate strait for argument. It would be much better if our Democratic opponents would discuss their principles: if they have any that would be interesting reading even to Republicans we have a curiosity to know what the principles of the Democratic party are. We care nothing for their lies and abuse—they always rebound back to injure the party that indulges in them. The people are not so dumb as these Democratic leaders would believe; they see the unfairness of such warfare, and draw their own conclusions. What the people want is to support that party which will best serve the interests of the whole country, and they are not to be led or deceived by cunningly conceived lies.

But the story above is not even shrewdly told, for the man who is credited with giving the opinion of the court takes the first opportunity to deny this scandal against a pure, upright, honest statesman. We say with confidence to our Democratic friends, lies cannot defeat Garfield and Arthur.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The unfinished portion of the Hudson River Tunnel, which was in process of construction between Jersey City and New York, caved in at about half-past four o'clock yesterday morning while twenty-eight men were at work inside. Of these 20 were killed almost instantly, and their bodies now lie buried under thirty feet of mud and tide water. Eight men effected a narrow escape.

The first tidings of the disaster were brought out by Michael Hurley, a workmen, whose duties took him to the place of the accident at just the time when it occurred. The police were at once notified, and such officials in charge of the work as could be fonnd at once hastened to the spot. Long before any aid could arrive, however, the unfortunate workmen were beyond human help, and the survivors were only able to tell a confused story of a crash, a rush of water and compressed air, a scramble for life and a fierce struggle at the last moment with the combined forces of nature and science. That any escaped was a marvel; that more were not killed was simply owing to the fact that no more were there. Engineering skill had set at defiance the laws of nature, and nature had avenged herself.

The names of the twenty men who lost their lives are given below:

Peter Woodland, Assistant Superintendent, aged 26, of Jersey City.
Frank Oleston, foreman, aged 25, of Jersey City.
James Crever, aged 25, of Jersey City.
A. Erickson, aged 50, of Jersey City.
Peter Feisher, aged 27, of Jersey City.
Patrick Kirwin, aged 26, of Jersey City.
Charles Neilson, aged 30, of Jersey City.
Wm. E. Bagley, aged 32, of Jersey City.
Andrew Jacobson, aged 29, of Jersey City.
Bryan Sheridan, of 478 First street, Jersey City.
Charlis Svenson, aged 24, of Jersey City.
Thomas Burns, foreman, aged 21, of Cornelia avenue, Jersey City.
G. Anderson, aged 21, of Jersey City.
Frank Burk, aged 23, of Hoboken.
Matthew McCarty of Hoboken.
Patrick Broderick, of 246 First street, Jersey City.
Otto Beselen, aged 22, of Jersey City.
John Jensen, aged 30, of Jersey City.
Patrick Collins of Jersey City.
Michael Broderick of 68 Canal street, Jersey City.

The names of the eight men who were in the tunnel when the break occurred and who escaped are as follows:

Thomas Brady, miner; Chris Hanson, miner; Barney McGavern, keeper of the air lock; T. Vanouterstrip, miner; A. J. Moline, miner; Thomas Cummins, miner; John Doyle, miner; James Hayes, miner.

DETROIT, July 23.—A bold robbery was committed at the private bank of Fisher, Preston & Co., this city. this afternoon. While the clerk, Fred D. Gifford, was alone, a stranger appeared at the opening of a wire screen in the counter and expressed a desire to buy some government bonds. As Mr. Gifford was about to reply, the stranger suddenly reached through the aperture and struck him on the temple with a slungshot. The blow felled him to the floor, and temporarily rendered him insensible. When he recovered it was ascertained that between $4,000 and 5,000

in currency, which had been lying on the counter, had disappeared.

MIDDLETOWN, N. J., July 22.—On Monday morning last, as Mrs. Sarah A. Crelin, a white woman, the wife of a tenant on the Wm. A. Conover farm, was walking along a path near the New Jersey Southern Roilroad track, she was assaulted by a negro. Neighbors found her and assisted her to her home. When her story became known there was great excitement, and had the culprit been found at the time it is probable he would have been lynched. Last night Frank Patterson, police marshal of Red Bank, arrested George Carney of that place. Mrs. Crelin fully identified him as her assailant, and he was committed for trial.

DETROIT, Mich., July 24.—The excursion steamer Garland, with twelve hundred persons on board, under the manngement of the Detroit Moulders' Union, while going down Detroit river at 10 o'clock last night, came in collision with the steam yacht Mamie about nine miles below this city, cutting her in two so that she almost instantly sank. The latter had on board twenty-four persons, consistiug mainly of Father Bleyenbergh, Pastor of Trinity Roman Catholic church of this city. and a number of acolytes, boys officiating in various capacities in the church. They had been on their annual excursion to Monroe, and were returning home. The night was bright and moonlight and there seems to have been no reason, save that of criminal neglect, why the accident should have occurred.

Of those on board the Mamie the following were drowned: Mrs. Fred Martin, wife of the engineer; Miss Lizzie Murphy, housekeeper of Father Bleyenbergh; Miss Mary Hahn, of the Domestic Parocial School of Trinity Church; and Frank Nolan, John Howe, Daniel Barre, John Donovan, Willie Cuddy, Daniel Cuddy, John Cosgrove, James Toomey, Toseph Monaghan, all altar boys in the church, aged from 11 to 14 years.

Capt. Hoffman, Engineer Martin, Father Bleyenbergh, and four others were saved. All the saved reached the city at about 2 o'clock this morning. None of the bodies have yet been recovered.

The captain of the Garland George Hord, was near the wheelhouse with the wheelman at the time of the collision On being interviewed by a reporter to-day he refused to talk. Wheelsman Buff says he saw a light, which he took to be an anchor light, and no red or green lights. When about fifty feet from the light heard a whistle from from the Mamie; answered it and backed the engines. Called to Capt. Horn to help on the wheel. Boats were lowered immediately, and life preservers were thrown overboard. There was a great lack of nerve and system in the matter of rescuing, so far as the officers of the Garland were concerned.

DENVER, Col., July 24.—A special from Leadville says: General Grant arrived here last evening. He was received by a company of mounted police, two companies of cavalry, five companies of infantry, the City Fire Department and 500 veterans of the late war. A salute of 100 guns were fired while the procession marched through the city. The line of march was brilliantly illuminated and decorated with evergreens and flags. The streets were crowded. It is estimated that nearly 30,000 people were on the streets. The General excused himself from making a speech on account of hoarseness. To-morrow he will visit the mines, attend the theatre in the evening and a ball and reception after the theatre. The party will remain until Monday. The city expends $20,000, mostly raised by private subscription, for the entertainment.

BOSTON, July 24.—General Grant has accepted an invitation and is coming to Boston the last of September as the guest of the Middlesex Club. A grand banquet and reception will be given in his honor, at which all the New England Governors and many other distinguished men will be present. It is proposed to make this one of the grandest receptions that has been given the General since his return home, and the preparations have already been begun.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Dr. Tanner looked brighter yesterday than he did on Thursday, and he said he felt well. At noon to-day he will have completed the twenty-seventh day of his fast, and will have fourteen days of his task yet before him. Last evening he had neither gained nor lost weight since Thursday evening. His weight was 131½ pounds, just twenty-six pounds less than when he began his fast. He will not allow that he has the slightest doubt of his ability to continue his fast fourteen days longer. He was annoyed at the reports in some of the newspapers yesterday morning that he was failing, and said he felt as well as on any day since the fast began. To Dr. Griswold he said he should not drink so much water during the rest of the fast as he had been drinking lately. What he had been drinking had given him some distress in his stomach.

Early yesterday morning he was taken to Central Park, where he filled his jug at the spring. He greatly enjoys these rides. He sits bolt upright on his carriage seat a large part of the time. His life in Clarendon Hall is extremely monotonous, though it is said about 300 persons visit him daily, between the hours of 9 in the morning and 9 in evening.

ROCKVILLE, Md., July 26.—Mrs. James Tschiffely, aged 34, wife of a farmer living near this place, was left alone on the farm yesterday with John Diggs, a negro laborer. Her husband had gone to a distant part of the State on business. While Mrs. Tschiffely was seated in her dining room engaged in household duties on Saturday afternoon, Diggs entered the room, and seizing her by the throat choked her until she was insensible. He then dragged her up stairs to a bedroom, where he kept her over night, beating her senseless every time she recovered consciousness. On Sunday morning she recovered, and as the negro was absent from the room she attempted to fly from the house; but Diggs, who was in a lower apartment, seized her by the hair, dragged her back to the house, and beat her with the arm of a chair until she again became insensible. In this condition she was found several hours later, and the alarm was at once given. Mrs. Tschiffely's face was beaten to a pulp, and her neck and body shockingly torn and cut. She revived sufficiently to tell the story of her suffering, after which she again relasped into insensibility. At the last reports she was sinking, and it was not thought that she would live through the night. Her husband has been telegraphed for. Meanwhile, almost every male resident of the county is searching for Diggs, who will undoubtedly be hanged by the infuriated farmers if he is caught.

Summer Notes.

J. Henry Zeilin is at Barnegat

Rev. Dr. Suddards is at Atlantic.

State Senator Herr is at Sea Girt.

Jos. D. F. Junkin goes to Deal Beach, N. J.

Rev. Appleton is at the White Mountains.

S. W. Biddle, of B. B. & B., goes to the Adirondacks.

A number of clergymen are at Cape May and Atlantic City.

Ex-Commissioner Wm. L. Smith spent Sunday at Atlantic.

Judge Peirce and family are at the Senate House, Atlantic.

Mr. C. Thomas, wholesale grocer, has taken a cottage at Cape May.

Bishop Stevens goes to McKean county from Wilksbarre, this week.

Mr. John K. Wallace has been sojourning at Chautauqua Lake, N. Y.

Rev. J. D. W. Perry, preaches at St. James Church, Atlantic, to-day.

Councilman Green, of the twenty-third ward, spent Sunday at Atlantic.

The Long Branch Water Works supply all the cottages as far as Sea Bright.

Cape May is supplied with water from an artesian well about 90 feet deep.

Congressman Harmer took possession of his new cottage at Brigantine on Thursday.

Ex-Councilmon Frank Bonham occasionally can be seen on the avenues at Atlantic.

IT can almost be asserted that ST. JACOBS OIL works wonders. Shortly before the New Yeay, when I visited my family in Mitchell, I found my son Edward, a lad little more than ten years old, very sick. He suffered with Rheumatism, and so terribly that he was perfectly stiff in his limbs, could not possibly walk, and had to be carried from place to place. At once I sent for some ST. JACOBS OIL, used it according to directions, and in a few days could see evidence of considerable improvement. On the tenth of this month I again visited my family and was astonished to find him well and hearty. He once more has fresh color in his face and can go to school again. Whenever the old trouble threatens to return, relief is immediately secured by the use of the celebrated ST. JACOBS OIL. From sheer joy over this result I cannot withhold recommending ST. JACOBS OIL to suffering humanity as a true benefactor.

CHARLES METZDORF,
Office of the *Volksfreund*, German paper of Stratford, Ont.

Kidney Disease of 30 years Standing Cured

ELK FLAT, Oregon, Jan. 12, 1880.

The second package of Kidney-Wort is nearly gone, and I enclose a dollar for another package. I am a woman fifty-six years of age and have been afflicted with Kidney Disease for more than thirty years. Kidney-Wort has done me more good than any other remedy I have ever taken, and I am sure will cure me.

MRS. J. T. GALLOWAY.

Powder and Shot.

"A" Blasting Powder, per keg of 25 pounds, $3.50.

"B" Blasting Powder, per keg of 25 pounds, $3.00.

Rifle and Sporting Powder at equally low prices. Hemp, Cotton and Tape Fuse, very low.

ALEXANDER & Co.,
27-2t Agents for DuPonts.

At the Swiss universities this year the female students have carried off most of the prizes.

A Chicago woman accidently killed her son while shooting at a target, and is insane with grief.

It was the man caught by a prairie fire on his own section of land who ran through his property rapidly.

To Check Diarrhœa.

Diarrhœa is a complaint that the human family suffer more from at this time of year than from any other, and should be treated very carefully in order to restore the bowels to their proper strength. There is a wine made in New Jersey and sold by our druggists, called Speer's Port Grape Wine, which is being used very successfully in diarrhœa cases. In fact, it is conceded by chemists to contain just such properties as gradually check the fermenting in the bowels and add tone and vigor to the system, so as to withstand the miasmatic climate against these prevailing complaints The wine is rich in body and is an excellent tonic, keeping the functions of the bowels in their proper condition. For sale by J. Zeller & Son. 2t

New Advertisements.

DR. MARGARET G. COLEMAN, OF WILLIAMSPORT, has returned from a sojourn at the sea shore, and has moved into her hospital residence on High street, that she has fitted up for the reception of guests. Location the most healthy in the city. Women's diseases and nervous debility are specialties.

Send to Box 173 for circulars and references. Mrs. Dr. Coleman has been successful in the treatment of patients in Bellefonte, from whom the most satisfactory testimonials can be furnished to those who may desire to be benefited by her skill. 29-4t

THOS. MERRYMAN, Adm. of &c. of CATHARINE VAN POOL, vs. LEONARD MERRYMAN, Adm. of &c. of JOHN VAN POOL, deceased. In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, No. 241 Aug. T., 1879; Lev. Fa. No. 78, Nov. T., 1879.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AUDITOR APPOINTED by said Court, to make distribution of the balance of the proceeds of sale, in the hands of John Spangler, Sheriff, under said writ of execution, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of AUGUST, A. D. 1880 at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested are requested to be present and present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.
28-3t S. D. RAY, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JOHN S. SOMMERVILLE, late of Snow Shoe township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. JAMES L. SOMMERVILLE,
27-6t Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS of Administration having been issued to the undersigned on the estate of MARGARET H. COOK, late of the borough of Bellefonte, all persons having demands against the deceased are requested to present them, duly authenticated, for payment, and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.
27-6t A. J. COOK, Administrator.

BUSH HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.,
IS OPEN.
27-3m D. P. PETERS, Prop'r.

THE BUILDING COMMITTEE OF ST. John's Reformed Church, of Bellefonte, will RECEIVE BIDS until noon of Friday, the 30th day of July, 1880, for the erection of a new church edifice and the removal of their old building on their lot, corner of Linn and Spring streets. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of D. S. KELLER, to whom propogals should be addressed. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.
27-2t C. M. BOWER, Sec'y pro tem.

A THOROUGH EDUCATION
—FOR—
Young Ladies!

Hollidaysburg Seminary,

Hollidaysburg, Blair county, Pennsylvania

A very healthful location; beautiful surroundings. Offers to young ladies all the advantages of a Christian home, with thorough course of instructions in the higher branches of education.

Terms, $250.00 Per Annum,

Including board and attendance, use of library periodicals, and tuition in all English branches Music and art extra.

Annual Term, Forty Weeks.

For catalogue with full information address

W. P. HUSSEY, A. M., Principal.
11tf

New Advertisements.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.—William Miller, Collector of School Fund, in account with Taylor township for the year ending June 2d, 1879:

June 7, 1880.
To amount due township at last settlement $107 71

June 7, 1880. CR.
By money paid Samuel Hoover, Treasurer 171 49
By exonerations 24 58
By exoneration E. Fowler 1 64

Samuel Hoover, Treasurer of School Fund, in account with Taylor township for the year ending June 7, 1880:

June 7, 1880. DR.
To balance due township at last settlement ..... $ 276 28
To money rec'd from Wm. Miller 171 49
To state appropriation for 1878 ..... 139 04
To state appropriation for 1879 ..... 137 41
To money rec'd from John Beckwith, collector 445 38
To money and order from S. Pringle 23 50
To unseated land money for 1878 ..... 166 28
To order to balance account 66 60
$1365 98

CR.
June 7, 1880.
By amount of orders paid ..... $ 868 20
By money paid for fuel, repairs, etc 305 08
By money paid for auditing, secretary's salary, deeds, etc 41 00
By balance paid on desks and chairs 48 11
By exonerations 32 16
By percentage 26 15
By money paid Snyder township, Blair county, for tuition 45 12
$1365 98

John Beckwith, Collector of School Fund, in account with Taylor township for the year ending June 7, 1880:

June 7, 1880.
To amount of duplicate $987 11

CR.
By money paid S. Hoover, Treasurer 445 38
To balance due treasurer 541 73
$987 11

Amount of liabilities $125 80
Resources 541 73

HENRY VINGLING, President.
Attest:
WM. CRANE, Secretary.

Hiram Blowers, Overseer of Poor, in account with Taylor township for the year ending April 12, 1880:

April 12, 1880.
To one order on Wm. Newman ..... $ 21 98
To one note against Wm. Miller 72 54
To costs paid John Beckwith for Edward Beckwith 4 28
To amount of duplicate 279 95
To note of Perry Reese 50 27
To 25 bushels of wheat from J. Richey. 25 00
To error in entering credits 4 00
To money rec'd from Wm. Miller 215 48
$673 50

CR.
April 12, 1880.
By money paid John T. Fowler for use of poor ..... $ 66 67
By money paid I. V. Gray, use of poor 43 27
By money paid John Weaver, use of poor 31 05
By money paid A. Smith, use of poor 8 15
By money paid W. C. Smith, use of poor 30 00
By money paid Andrew Johnson, use of poor 29 40
By money paid L. Reese, use of poor 40 64
By money paid B. Walk, use of poor 85 50
By money paid Dr. Dunwiddie, use of poor 42 50
By money paid Thomas Crissman, use of poor 3 00
By money paid Thomas Merryman, use of poor 2 00
By money paid J. Griffith, use of poor 2 00
By money paid William Crane, use of poor 5 50
By money paid H. S. Helms, use of poor 1 40
By money paid Richard Newman, use of poor 3 65
By money paid Thomas Weston, use of poor 2 00
By money paid Rush township, use of poor 12 35
By money paid C. Sharrer, use of poor.. 6 00
By money paid Ed. Beckwith, use of poor 3 90
By money paid Susan Woodle, use of poor 16 75
By money paid Thomas Weston, judgment Dr. Meyer 15 94
Exonerations 1 13
Percentage 13 94
By money paid D. G. Ganoe, use of poor 5 50
By money paid Dennis Reese, use of poor 24 78
By harvesting for Richie, hauling grain and sundry account 89 57
By balance due township 96 36
$673 50

To balance due township $96 36

Elijah Merryman, Supervisor, in account with Taylor township for the year ending April 12, 1880:

April 14, 1880.
To balance due township from last settlement ..... $ 19 67
To amount duplicate 296 97
To balance due Elijah Merryman 40 02
$356 66

CR.
April 12, 1880.
By work done by men $276 74

New Advertisements.

By work done by self 63 00
By notifying men to work on road 10 00
By exoneration of Mrs. Huffman 2 80
By exoneration of Susan Woodle 4 12
$356 66

To balance due Elijah Merryman $40 02

John Beckwith, Supervisor, in account with Taylor township for the year ending April 12, 1880:

April 12, 1880.
To balance due township from last settlement ..... $ 32 51
To amount of duplicate 450 31
By order on township 56 85
$539 67

CR.
April 12, 1880.
By work done by men $449 09
By work done by self 66 40
By W. Griffith and Samuel Miller, tax paid by J. S. Fowler 60
By exonerations 60
By work done on old duplicate 29 98
By one day being sworn in office 1 00
By one day settling 1 00
$539 67

New Advertisements.

William Miller, Overseer of Poor, in account with Taylor township for the year ending April 14, 1876:

April 12, 1880.
To balance due from last settlement $310 48

CR.
April 12, 1880.
By error in Polly Vaughn's board bill.. $ 7 09
By Jacob Garber note 72 54
By money paid Arms & Shaffer 15 27
By money paid Hiram Blowers 215 48
$310 48

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., have examined the above accounts and find them to be just and right, to the best of our knowledge and belief.

JOHN WEAVER,
JNO. T. FOWLER, } Auditors.
T. MERRYMAN,

Attest:
D. G. GANOE, Township Clerk. 27-3t

AGENTS WANTED
For Smith's Bible Dictionary and Holman's new
PICTORIAL BIBLES.
Address, for Circulars, A. J. HOLMAN & CO., Philadelphia. 27-4w

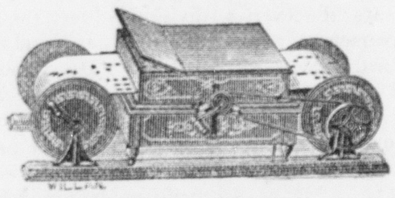
BELLEFONTE MUSIC STORE.

Pianos, Organs & Sheet Music,
INSTRUCTORS, COVERS AND STOOLS.
Band and Small Instruments, Organetts, Fashion Patterns, Oil Paintings and Chromos.

SEWING MACHINES
Of all makes, Oil, Attachments, Parts, Needles, Barbour Bro's Linen Thread. Organs hired as low as $5.00 per month. Sewing Machines at $3.00.

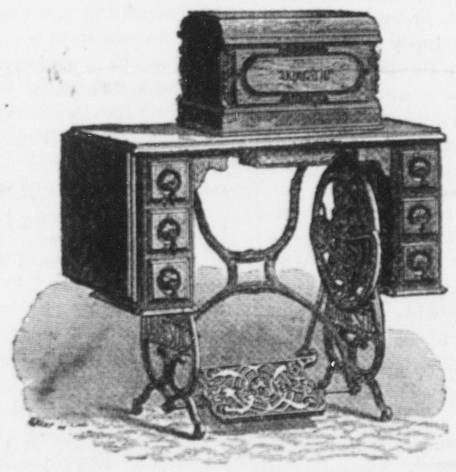
LARGEST STOCK OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

"SILVER CYMBAL," a New Collection of Sunday School Music, $1.00 per Dozen.



WONDERFUL ORGANETTE.
PLAYS ALL TUNES. A CHILD CAN PLAY IT.

THE NEW DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.



YOU WOULD BUY IT IF YOU TRIED IT. IT HAS NO EQUAL.
TEN DOLLARS OFF. NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.
Why can this Firm Sell so Cheap? Because they Buy for Cash and Employ No Agents.
12-27tf BUNNELL & AIKENS.

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Grain! Grain! Grain!

LAWRENCE L. BROWN,
Dealer in
COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.
OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD
Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Ralroad.

:o:

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN
ANTHRACITE COAL!!
Best Qualities Always on Hand,
WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED.
HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR
ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

IT is said Ex-Governor Dennison is spoken of as Garfield's successor in the United States Senate.

SENATOR BOOTH says he has no doubt the Republicans will make a clean sweep in the Pacific States.

As usual, the Democrats are running their campaign by brag. It will not elect Hancock, however, nor any other issue.

SENATOR LAMAR, of Mississippi, is in such poor health that his physician has forbidden the preparation of an address which he promised to deliver before a Southern college.

THE Rev. E. T. Adams, Presbyterian, of Dunkirk, has been accused of preaching heresy, and has been cited to appear before the Buffalo Presbytery, August 2, to answer the charge.

HAD there been a shadow of a show for the Democrats making even a creditable fight in Pennsylvania, Wallace would have been chosen chairman of the National Committee.

IT is estimated that not less than one thousand American ministers, of all denominations, are now sightseeing in Europe. It is sincerely to be hoped that none of their parishioners will go to perdition as a consequence.

NO wonder the Democrats hate and villify Inspector Davenport. He is so thoroughly posted in regard to the naturalization frauds practiced by that party in New York, that they may well hate and dread him.

GEN. NEGLEY, in a letter to the Philadelphia *Press*, says "the feverish haste of General Pearson to advertise his sympathy for the Democratic party has failed of its purpose. The veteran soldiers of this portion of Pennsylvania are the most active promoters of the Republican organization."

THOSE American manufacturers who sent reaping machines to Bucharest, and gave practical trials to them, have been amply rewarded by large orders from Roumanian farmers. Leading American firms engaged in the manufacture of agricultural and other implement might profit by acting on this hint.

THE soldiers' reunion at Columbus, Ohio, August 10–12, promises to be an interesting event. The War department has ordered fifteen hundred tents, along with a supply of cannon and flags, to be turned over to the committee having the arrangements in charge. The President, General Sherman, and prominent army and navy officers will attend.

THE theory of the Pittsburgh *Post* with regard to military titles, is that if a prominent Democrat was a lieutenant he should be called a colonel. There is not the slightest objection in the world; but in view of the distinctiveness of this method of applying titles, it would be wise to give us a chart showing exacly what titles are given by the *Post's* brevet system to each rank.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial*, which was strongly in favor of placing wood pulp on the free list, now admits that the price of paper did not advance by reason of the failure of Congress to take off the duty, and adds: "In that particular we and other publishers were mistaken and General Garfield was right. Certainly we would do him the justice to say so, if he were not a candidate for the Presidency."

HON. DICK was in Pittsburgh on Tuesday, on his way home from the reunion of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps. He found the sentiment among the Reserves strong for Garfield and Arthur. There is not the slightest evidence of apathy, much less discontent, among them. Hancock will only poll the Democratic vote in the organization, and that would have gone to any other candidate of the party.

JOHNNY DAVENPORT has given the Wallace committee enough political fodder to keep them "chawing" until election day. He confronts the Democratic party with the charge that they issued between 60,000 and 70,000 fraudulent naturalization papers in New York in 1868. He shows them that for twenty-five years previously the highest number of naturalization papers issued in that city in a year varied from 2,500 up to 16,000—the latter number in a Presidential year. In 1867 the frauds had already been begun, but in that year the number issued was only 15,500. In 1867 they jumped up to 70,000! Adjoining States were supplied with them. Three thousand were captured in one batch, which were intended for use in Connecticut! Mr. Davenport also obtained the affidavits of one thousand men who acknowledged that they had been naturalized as minors, although they were all over age—many of them from forty to sixty years old—when they landed. Another important item of proof is the fact that 20,000 naturalization papers were issued in blank, without any application for them; and without any record on the dockets of the courts. To prevent men voting on such papers as these is one of the objects of the Federal election laws, and Mr. Davenport is going to do all he can to secure a square vote and an honest count. He says it costs the government from $75,000 to $100,000 to run his office, and that he is going to collect $150,000 for the work during the coming campaign. So "Johnny" may expect any amount of abuse and villification from the Democratic organs.

THESE Democratic organs which play fast and loose on the tariff question should lay to heart the plain words of the New York *Herald*. It says "the Democratic platform declares in favor of 'a tariff for revenue only.' In this point the Democrats seem to be wiser than their opponents. It is common to say that the party platforms are only contrived to throw dust in the eyes of the people—that they make declarations which no party ever intends to adhere to. Notorious evidences of the truth of that view are handy. But this point of revenue and protection has always been a point of distinct division between the Democrats and their opponents, and we do not doubt that if the Democrats should get in they would give effect, in a more or less marked degree, to this declaration. We are not prepared to say that on all points it is desirable they should get in, but if they should this will be one of the good results."

Here is an open, honest and manly way of stating the case. The two parties have always been distinctly divided on the question of the tariff—the Republicans have favored protection and the Democrats have advocated free trade. If the latter party comes into power "one of the good results" will be in the destruction of the protective system.

THERE is now pending in Congress a bill introduced by Mr. Manning, of Mississippi, to increase the number of Justices of the Supreme Court to twenty-one. The milk in this cocoanut is simply to obtain a nullification from the reconstructed court of the war amendments to the constitution. The present Supreme Court, with the exception of Justices Field and Clifford, have steadily upheld the war amendments and the national election laws. Should General Hancock be elected it is the expectation of the Democrats that he will support the measure and appoint judges who will unite in declaring the legislation supporting the amendments null and void. It would be pleasant to hear from General Hancock, in his letter of acceptance, whether he will alter this scheme of undoing the work of the war.

THE dog days are upon us, it now having arrived at that season of the year when popular superstition supposes the influence of the fixed star Sirius to drive the canine population into violent lunacy. What cause there may have been for connecting astronomy and hydrophobia in as astrological speculations of three or four centuries ago, it is hard to tell. As Sirius now becomes predominant after the fiercest heats of the summer have passed, it is still harder to regard the idea as rational. There is only one thing more nonsensical than the idea of regarding the coming six weeks as an especial season for muzzling and killing dogs in all the cities of the country; and that one thing is having any dogs at all in the cities.

FOUR years ago, in a letter delivered before Williams College, General Garfield, speaktng of the corrupting power of official patronage, said: "Nothing less than the absolute divorce of the appointing function from Congress can remedy the evil. It should be done so completely that every member of Congress shall be able to make such boast as Thomas Hughes, M. P., did on his visit to this country—that, although he was personally on good terms with every member of the cabinet, he could not influence the appointment of a clerk."

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

POTTSVILLE, July 20.—Ralph Gibbons, aged 38, who started from Asland on Saturday night for his home in Centralia, was found yesterday morning near Centralia horribly mangled and unconscious. It is alleged that he was beaten by companions who had attended a dance with him that night. He cannot recover. The authorities are investigating the affair.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 20.—At about 11 a. m. yesterday, Mrs. Nesmith, wife of Lieut. Nesmith, U. S. A., accompanied by Miss Bessie Fanshaw, a 12-year old child of John R. Fanshaw, of Germantown, with another little girl named Helen Deakon, went in to bathe above the light house. There is a strong eddy sweeping around this breakwater at all times, and the current flows swiftly along the beach for fifty yards, then rushing out to the sea. The place is not frequented much by bathers, and when Mrs. Nesmith and her childish companions sought this retired spot it was with a view of enjoying the bath in a quiet way. The party, it is thought, endeavored to wade down the beach. Several squares down the beach there is a cove between the mainland and the bar which has already caused several drowning cases this season, and it is thought that Mrs. Nesmith was suddenly borne down the shallow embankment, a few steps from which the water is fifteen feet deep. Unable to swim, she for an instant clutched her young companions when she found herself in deep water, and they were soon swept away from her and lost beneath the waves. The body of Mrs. Nesmith was recovered and taken to Philadelphia to-day for interment.

ALLENTOWN, July 20.—The village of Neffsville, Lehigh county, was at an early hour yesterday morning the scene of one of the boldest outrages that has ever been committed in this region. Neffsville is a little hamlet about eleven miles from this place. Daniel Kerns, a retired farmer, aged about 60 years, lives with his wife in a small two-story house about a mile from the village. His nearest neighbor lives about 200 yards distant. There being no one else in the house with the old couple, the robbers evidently had an easy task. Mr. Kerns says that at about 1 o'clock yesterday morning he and his wife were awakened from their slumbers by three masked men who had effected an entrance into the building by boring a hole through the window sash on the second story and taking out a nail with which it was fastened. One man entered in this manner, and he went down stairs and opened the door for the other two. They then lighted a lamp and went to the bedroom where the aged couple were sleeping. They awakened Kerns and his wife and said they knew there was money in the house and that they were after it; that if any noise was made some one would have to suffer for it, otherwise no harm would be done. The thieves then demanded that all moneys and valuables be given up. Kerns said there was no money in the house, and refused to give them anything. The burglars then procured a carriage blanket, cut it in strips, and with these bound the man and woman, securely tying their hands behind their backs and their feet together. The old man, who was suffering from rheumatism, made no effort to prevent this, but the woman fought with desperation, and was only conquered after a struggle. While two of the robbers were binding the couple the third was ransacking the house for plunder. All three of the robbers joined in the search, which was kept up for two hours, during which time bureaus and chests were ransacked, and chaff bags cut open and their contents spilled on the floor. After taking a meal the robbers quitted the premises. Several hours later Mrs. Kerns succeeded in freeing herself after great exertion, and made her way to the nearest neighbor and raised an alarm. The thieves, however, had by this time made good their escape. As near as can be ascertained, the robbers secured $500 in cash, $500 in Lehigh county bonds, $500 in United States 4 per cent bonds, $1,200 in United States 4½ per cent bonds, and $500 in local bonds. Payment has been stopped on all the bonds. There is as yet no clue to the burglars.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The curious fact that Dr. Tanner has lately been increasing in weight on his diet of air and water was totally eclipsed yesterday by the discovery that he has been diminishing very much in height. When he began his fast he measured 5 feet 5½ inches. Yesterday he stood up to the measuring rod, and the crown of his head touched the metallic arm at only 5 feet 3½ inches. The doctors and other spectators looked at one another in astonishment. Then the former undertook to explain it. They said that between each of the twenty-four vertebrae which make up the spinal column, or back bone, there is a layer of cartilage varying from one-eighth to one-quarter of an inch in thickness. These cartilaginous tissues, they said, were always the first to suffer when a person does not receive nourishment, from the fact that they are not supplied with blood vessels and have to depend entirely upon absorption. For the same reason a poorly nourished person always has dull eyes, because the corner of a healthy eye must be perfectly transparent, and in order to be transparent it must be devoid of blood vessels. It was said that the shrinkage of the twenty-three layers of cartilage between the bones of the vertebral column was undoubtedly the cause of the curious phenomenon of a man's height diminishing two inches within three weeks.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Dr. Tanner complained of not feeling well last evening—that he was sick in the stomach and suffering from cramp. The watchers looked at him with surprise and dismay. It is the first time that he has complained of any feeling of nausea since about ten days ago, before he began drinking water, when he said that the thermometer placed in his mouth to take his temperature made him feel sick. The Doctor looked pale and worn. He had the appearance of a man who was suffering great pain. The previous night had not been a comfortable one.

RIDGWAY, July 21.—Harry English, the Caledonia murderer, was brought here last evening at five o'clock in charge of Detective J. R. Thomas, who captured him at Sheboygan, Michigan, on Saturday, July 10, and left that place with him on Sunday morning last. Thomas traced the murderer from St. Mary's, striking his trail two weeks after the tragedy, and has worked at the case ever since. When the officers fired at English when he was running from the house across the field at Caledonia, they wounded him in seven different places, and he lay in the woods suffering from these wounds several days before he was able to travel. He finally went into St. Mary's and bought bread and sausage for several days' rations, returned to the woods, when he was again compelled to lay by. Recovering somewhat, he worked his way on foot to Dunkirk, being helped by a friend, whose name he does not divulge, and at the first station east of Dunkirk he took the cars for the first time and went to Buffalo. From there he crossed through Canada to Detroit, and thence through Michigan to Sheboygan, in the extreme northern part, and went to fishing for a half-bred named Vincent. Coming into town from a fishing trip for supplies, he was surprised in in the street by Thomas and the sheriff of the county, and captured without resistance. He had no weapons when captured, having sold them all to obtain money to travel with. English is a man six feet tall, young looking, light complexioned, with square-cut, determined-looking mouth, broad shoulders and splendid physique. He bears his capture with an air of resignation, and without bravado. He has the appearance of a brave man who has done all he could. Detective Thomas expresses great admiration for his mental and physical abilities, and says not one man in a thousand could have gone through with what English has with his seven wounds. English says he killed Warnith in self-defence; that he had received information that the officers were instructed to kill him on sight, and he determined to sell his life dearly. When he went up stairs that night he seized his gun and fired in the dark, not knowing whom he hit, or whether he hit any one, and when he ran across the field all that kept him up was the belief that if he gave out he would be killed in cold blood. English was taken to jail here handcuffed, his arms fastened together to his body at the elbows and his legs chained together, so he could not step more than six inches at a time.

PITTSBURGH, July 22.—Some ten days ago Boyd & Peter's circus put up their tents in various towns in Westmoreland county and gave exhibitions. They were neither financially or otherwise successful. A thieving gang was connected with show, and its members were arraigned in the Westmoreland county court yesterday, the charge being the serious one of abducting an ignorant country girl named Burkett. From the testimony adduced it seems that she was abducted and afterwards assaulted by the gang, in whose hands she was a prisoner for nearly ten days.

The unfortunate girl was seen by persons wandering around on Friday, sowing sand along the road, and on Friday evening she wandered into Somerset. She does not remember where she was. The several days intervening seemed a blank to her. The only wonder is that she got home alive. So closely was she concealed by the showmen that her father, who followed in hopes of finding his daughter, failed to discover her.

MILFORD, N. H., July 21.—A smart shock, caused by earthquake, was felt here at 7 o'clock this evening, causing buildings to tremble considerably.

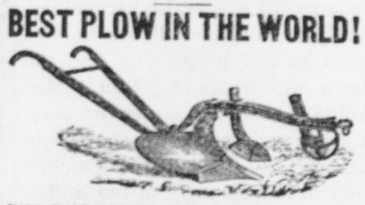
At Contoocook—A sharp shock of earthquake occurred here about 7 o'clock this evening. The shock lasted several seconds, with a perceptible sound.

At Manchaster—An earthquake of considerable violence visited this city just before 7 o'clock this evening. Dishes and pictures were shaken down in many places. It has been the general topic of conversation this evening.

The fact that Hancock wears a white moustache, notwithstanding he has a salary sufficient to buy hair dye, proves that he has more firmness and sense than many of our younger men.

A NEW DEPARTURE!

BEST PLOW IN THE WORLD!



THE SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO. of Syracuse, N. Y.

Are now putting on the market a Plow that is as much superior to any Plow heretofore made as the Plows of the past few years have been superior to those made half a century ago.

It combines all the excellencies of any Plow in use.

It obviates all the objections made to any other Plow.

In addition it embraces several new features of the greatest value, for which we have obtained exclusive Patents.

Its Beam, Clevis, Jointer Standard and Wheel Standard will be STEEL, and its mold board will be a composition of Steel and Iron chilled under a process for which we have also obtained an exclusive Patent. It will be called

THE SYRACUSE CHILLED STEEL PLOW

Its weight will be eighteen pounds less than our present styles.

A first-class Steel Plow, made in the ordinary way, full rigged, retails for twenty-two dollars. Inferior Steel Plows retail from sixteen to nineteen dollars.

The price of our new Plow will be but **Seventeen Dollars,** and it will be the cheapest Agricultural Implement ever sold.

Its mold board will outwear three of the very best kinds of the ordinary steel mold boards.

It will scour in soils where all steel plows and all other plows have hitherto proved a failure.

With this Plow will be introduced a corrugated Plow Point and Jointer Point, on which we have also obtained a Patent, and which is also a great improvement, both as regards strength and wear.

The Jointer can be shifted so as to take more or less land, and also more or less pitch, and it can always be kept on a line with the Plow.

The wheel will run under the beam or one side of it as desired, and always kept in line.

The beam is adjustable for Spring or Fall Plowing, and also for two or three horses.

The handles can be adjusted to accommodate a man or boy, on the same Plow.

It is a perfect Plow.

Wooden beams are going out of use because they shrink, swell and warp, and never run two seasons alike.

Iron beams are too heavy.

Malleable beams become demoralized and bend, which is much worse than to break.

A Steel beam is the necessity of the day. It is three times as strong and very much lighter than any other style.

When *we* say a Mold board is chilled, the farmers know it is so.

We do not palm off on them a composition of various metals and call it chilled metal.

We want agents for this new Plow in every town in this State.

We can give but a very small discount to them, but we will pay the Railroad Freight.

We propose to place this Plow in the hands of Farmers as near the cost of manufacture as possible.

It will be the *best* Agricultural Implement ever sold.

It shall also be the *cheapest.*

Persons therefore who are not willing to act as agents on the principle that "a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," need not apply for an agency.

No Plows on commission. All sales absolute.

☞ This is the only Steel Chilled Plow in the World.

Steel costs several times more than Iron.

But this Plow, full rigged, by giving small discounts, can be sold for Seventeen Dollars. Compare this price with that of any Iron Plow ever made.

It is cheaper than any other Plow now made would be at five dollars and a half.

Where there are no agents we will, on receipt of Seventeen Dollars, send a Plow to any Railroad station in the State and pay the freight. Address,

SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.

Or . **Syracuse, N. Y.**

Miscellaneous.

IF YOU ARE THIRSTY, drink a glass of

ASCHENBACH & MILLER'S

CELEBRATED

BIRCH BEER,

the most delightful beverage of the season. Cooling, refreshing, and an excellent preventative of summer complaints. It also acts as a blood purifier without any stimulating or intoxicating effects, being a purely vegetable preparation, and entirely free from anything approaching alcohol. It is so VERY CHEAP that it is within the means of the poorest. A 25 cent package will make five gallons of beer! Endorsed by temperance advocates and physicians. All druggists and country storekeepers sell it. Wholesale depot, N. W. cor. 3d and Callowhill Sts., Philadelphia Pa. 20-1y

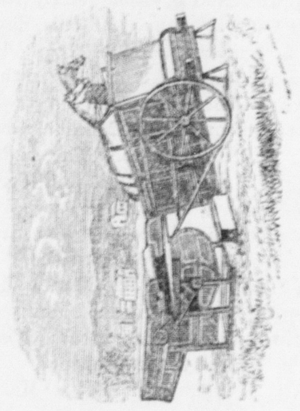
Dr. Jones' Taraxacum Tonic,

Or Dyspepsia Medicine, a vegetable compound whose virtues have stood a test of forty years, is infallible in the cure of Dyspepsia, General Debility, Chronic Weakness of the Lungs, Spleen, Kidneys, Short Breath, Heartburn, St. Vitus' Dance, pain in the Stomach, Back and Chest. Particularly adapted to all Female Diseases, no matter what the age of the patient may be. Price, 75 cents. Sold by druggists. 20-1y

300 GOOD, RESPONSIBLE FARMERS and Threshers wanted to buy first class articles of

Threshers and Separators

For 4 and 6-horse lever power.



Also, 2-horse Tread Powers with Separators, 1 and 2-horse Tread Powers, with Shaker Machines. Please address

J. M. HULSHIZER,
Light Street, Columbia county, Pa.
☞ Send for price list. All work warranted.
JAMES ZIMMERMAN, Agent,
25-3m Milesburg, Centre county, Pa.

FARMERS

AND PATENT DEALERS

Look to your interest and buy the

KEYSTONE

Tire Tightener.

A new and useful invention, patented November 18, 1879, which obviates all the difficulties and expense heretofore connected in keeping your wagon, buggy, horse rake, and seed drill wheels in repair.

First. By using this machine you can tighten your wheels without the aid of a blacksmith, as it is simply a device to attach to the spokes to adjust the felloe back to the tire, where it originally belonged; then insert a leather washer on the tenon of the spoke between the spoke and the felloe, which keeps the felloe up tight against the tire.

Second. By this method you can tighten the tire without removing the wheel from the wagon, or the tire from the wheel.

Third. By using this machine you will not dish the wheel, burn and split the felloe, or overheat the tire, as is too often the case when done by the old method, as you have the wheel under perfect control to make it just as tight as you want it, not running the risk of more shrinkage than was allowed, and thus ruin the wheel.

Fourth. With this machine you can remove a broken spoke and spring in a new one without injury to the wheel.

Fifth. A wheel tightened by this method will last twice as long as one tightened by the old method.

Sixth. You can save half the price of the machine on one job alone, allowing nothing for the time and trouble of taking the wagon to the shop.

QUESTIONS

Occasionally asked by persons not fully understanding the merits of the machine:

Question. Does this machine work hard?
Answer. No; a boy from twelve to fifteen years of age can work it as readily as a grown person.
Question. How does this method of tightening tires affect the hub of the wheel?
Answer. It tightens the spokes in the hub, as the machine is fastened to the hub and has the same downward pressure as it has to raise, thus should a spoke be loose in the hub it forces it back to its place and tightens it.
Question. If the wheel be felloe-bound, how do you tighten it without sawing a piece out of the felloe, as it is done by the old method?
Answer. Simply by adjusting the felloe back to its original place, then put the washer under it and keep it there.
Question. Will not a wheel tightened by this method soon give way and become loose?
Answer. No; as it is evident that wood upon wood will not last as long as wood on leather, by placing a leather washer on the tenon of the spoke, it avoids friction and bruising of the wood, thus proving all for the machine that we claim for it.

AGENTS WANTED.

In every township in the county. Good men can do well. Every machine warranted to give satisfaction. For further information and terms for territory call on or address

J. B. KINSLEY,

Singer Sewing Machine Office,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

23-1m

Dr. Jones' Cream Camphor,

IS the name of the popular Liniment that cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swollen or Stiffened Joints, Frost Bites, pain in the Face, Head or Spine, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Sting or Bite of an insect, Poison from common Poison Vines, etc., for man or beast. Always reliable and almost instantaneous in its relief. Having an agreeable odor, it is pleasant to apply. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

N. B.—The Liniment received a Prize Medal at the State Fair, 1879. 20-1y

$18,000 Found Under Ground.

The Pleasant Hill, Mo., *Review* in a recent issue says: Mr. J. R. Alexander, who lives about five miles northeast of here, in Jackson county, in breaking a piece of newly cleared land, a few days since, plowed up a box twelve inches long and eight inches square. The plow striking it, burst it open. The contents had been so far decayed that when the air struck them they crumbled to dust. Enough was visible to show that they had been paper bills of the denomination of $100. In the lid of the box was cut in rude letters. "Aug. 23, 1864—$18,000."

The story in relation to this is as follows, and was given to us by Mr. Alexander, who was a Federal soldier, and at the time of the Lawrence raid was stationed at Osceola. These forces were ordered to Pleasant Hill to intercept Quantrell. They met him on the west bank of Big Creek, one and a half miles from this town, and dispersed him. Quantrell ordered his men to rally at Snihills. The Federals remained at Pleasant Hill, and were ordered to break up into companies. Mr. Alexander's company captured five men, whose names were George Gann, who lived in Greenton Valley Bledsoe and Lisle (Mr. A. says he forgets the other names), and also a boy 18 years old, captured at the same time. The boy was courtmartialed and shot here the next morning for burning to death some women and children at Lawrence. Lisle turned State's evidence and informed on the others. Gann, Bledsoe and one other were taken to Clinton courtmartialed and shot. Lisle was taken to Lexington and served in the same way. When Gann was marched out to be shot he said he had buried $18,000, which he had taken from the Lawrence banks, on the bank of a creek on the south edge of Jackson county. He told Adjutant-general Doyle that it would never do him (Gann) any good, and he'd be d—d if it would do him (Doyle) any good. Mr. Alexander was present when Gann was shot, and heard this conversation, and saw Gann shot. He says Gann died a brave death, refusing to be blindfolded or to kneel.

Mr. Alexander tells a straight story, and we have no right to doubt its correctness. Many who are now citizens here remember the shooting of the boy, and know the place where he was buried.

The Boy--The Circus.

The small boy looketh upon the circus poster when it is red, white and blue; and becometh intoxicated with delight.

For what is it that carrieth more joy to the heart of the small boy than a dead wall covered with circus posters?

Echo might answer, a deadhead ticket covered with the legend, "Admit One."

And as the boy gazeth on the pictures of indescribable animals, and upon the impossible antics of lightly-clothed men and women, his imagination maketh all the pictures realities and he is willing to stake his reputation as a champion marble player that the coming circus is the best in the world.

And he longeth to go.

So he is joined by other boys of his age, and they all gaze upon the posters and drink in the beauties thereof.

And they marvel among themselves.

And one boy sayeth he has never seen so wonderful a display of circus posters. And they soon fall to speculating among themselves as to whether each performer really doeth all the things which he is represented as doing.

And another one sayeth he has seen as wonderful performances as are pictured out on the posters.

But his companions laugh him to scorn.

So it cometh to pass that the boy who hath seen all these things is forced to hold his peace (providing he has not already devoured it), for verily the majority ruleth among the boys.

Soon all the important questions cometh up regarding the prospects for crawling under the canvas, and they wax enthusiastic, and in their minds they are all in the circus on the front seat, each one having found a good place to crawl under.

But soon one of their number recollecteth the fact that he was once caught in the act, and as he dilates on the strength of the canvas men in general, and the one who collared him in particular, the courage of the group oozes out of their individual finger ends.

But the company adopteth preamble and resolutions to the effect that it is necessary that each boy attend the circus.

And one layeth out a route in his neighborhood, and woe unto the piece of old iron which his fingers clutches, for verily in the end it contributeth to the circus fund.

Any man who hath ever seen a small boy knoweth these things to be true.

How the Indians Punish Flirts.

From a party just in from Prospect Mountain, we are informed that one week ago last Saturday, late at night, there was a terrible din in the vicinity of the Idaho mine, occasioned by whooping, yelling, dancing savages. Mr. Thomas, foreman at Idaho, concluded it was a fandango, as did others who heard the racket and saw the flames. The other day Mr. T. happened to pass the spot, where remnants of fire were still smoking and fragments of barbecue were scattered around. A close inspection showed that the fire had been built to "wipe out" a squaw. The skull, fragments of bones and a brass finger ring were picked up. Mr. M. H. Joseph now has the ring, a cheap affair, such as is often worn by the squaws about these parts. It is smoked up, and bears evidence of having been subject to great heat. It is getting to be a serious matter for dusky maiden in these parts to flirt with white trash, and the Shoshone lords propose to squelch that business as in days gone by—by cremating them on the spot.—*Nevada Paper.*

A Great Work.

Somewhere about 3,000 workmen, 700 wagons, eighteen locomotive engines, three steam "navvies" and a quantity of minor machinery of various kinds have been engaged since 1875 at the southeast end of London in a work compared with which the building of the pyramids — with modern appliances — would have been no signal feat. Hitherto the one entrance to the Victoria docks from the Thames had been at Blackwall point, but now there is a dock capable of receiving all vessels, no matter what they might be. Three and a half miles of walls have been built, inclosing ninety acres of water. These walls are forty feet high, five feet thick at the top, and eighteen or nineteen feet thick at the bottom, the whole of this enormous mass being composed of solid concrete, for which 80,000 tons of Portland cement have been used. Some 4,000,000 cubic feet of earth have been dug out. It may assist the imagination somewhat to state that if it were filled into ordinary carts the vehicles would form an unbroken line 7,000 miles long. The excavations have gone through a submerged forest, and among other curiosities dug out have been a reindeer's horn, a Roman vase, and what is supposed to be ancient a British canoe carved out of solid oak. The latter is now in the British museum. The new entrance below Woolwich will save about three and a half miles of river navigation, which in the case of vessels with heavy draft, is of course a matter of very great importance. The London and St. Katharine's and Victoria Docks Company are now prepared for vessels of all kinds, not excluding the largest ironclads of the British navy. The cost has been estimated roundly at $5,000,000.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—LIFE OF

Gen. James A. Garfield

The well known publishing house of Hubbard Bros., Philadelphia, have in preparation, and will soon issue, the Life of General James A. Garfield, written by his comrade in arms and personal friend, General J. S. Brisbin, of the Regular Army. The career of our distinguished candidate has rarely been equaled in points of romantic interest, and the more closely it is studied the more wonderful and inspiring it appears. It furnishes material for a volume of deep and permanent interest and value. We are glad that its preparation has been placed in hands so competent. The brilliant qualities of General Brisbin, both as a soldier and an author, are well known, and his personal relations to General Garfield are such as will give to his narrative the utmost fullness and authority of statement. It will be a book of more than passing interest, and in this respect widely different from ordinary campaign literature. It will be sold only by subscription, and must meet with a very large sale.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL this, the first, cheapest, best, and the only authentic low-priced book containing the lives of

GEN'L W. S. HANCOCK
AND
W. H. ENGLISH.

A complete record of the early and military life of Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock, with a full and graphic account of the proceedings, speeches and incidents at the Cincinnati Convention, also the platform, table of ballots and letters of acceptance, with the life of W. H. English. Richly embellished with numerous artistic illustrations and fine handsome engraved Portraits of each Candidate. Sure success to all who take hold; will positively outsell all books. Send for circulars and extra terms. Address, H. W. KELLEY & CO., 28-4t 711 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

BEST business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one willing to work can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. A great opportunity for making money easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 12-27-6m

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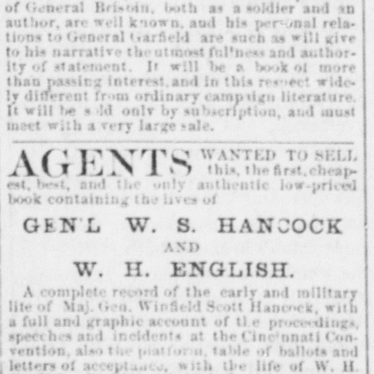
CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

SERVE AN INJUNCTION ON DISEASE By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and innutritious circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and preventive in existence.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. 12-27—

New Advertisements.

PAIN KILLER
MEDICINE CHEST IN ITSELF
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.
THE OLDEST BEST & MOST WIDELY KNOWN FAMILY MEDICINE.

A SURE CURE for all the diseases for which it is recommended, and always *perfectly safe* in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

Is recommended by Physicians, Ministers, Missionaries, Managers of Factories, Work-Shops, and Plantations, Nurses in Hospitals—in short by *everybody everywhere* who has ever given it a trial.

IT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

PAIN KILLER should have a place in every factory, machine-shop, and mill, on every farm and plantation, and in every household, ready for immediate use not only for accidents, cuts, bruises, sores, etc., but in case of sudden sickness of any kind.

PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of all who want a **sure** and **safe medicine** which can be **freely used internally or externally** without fear of harm and with **certainty** of relief.

Its price brings it within the reach of all; and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills. For sale by all druggists at **25c. 50c.** and **$1.00** per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.
Established in 1848. ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

"VIBRATOR"
Threshing Machinery and Portable and Traction Engines.

THE STANDARD of excellence *throughout the Grain-Raising World.*
MATCHLESS for Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, Perfect Cleaning, *Rapid and Thorough Work.*
INCOMPARABLE in *Quality* of Material, *Perfection* of Parts, *Thorough* Workmanship, *Elegant* Finish, and *Beauty* of Model.
MARVELOUS for *vastly superior* work in *all kinds* of Grain, and *universally* known as the **only successful** Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Clover, and all other Seeds.

Astonishingly Durable and *wonderfully simple*, using less than half the usual gears and belts.
PORTABLE, TRACTION, and STRAW-BURNING STEAM-ENGINES, with special features of Power, Durability, Safety, Economy, and Beauty entirely unknown in other makes. **Steam-Power Outfits and Steam-Power Separators a specialty.** Four sizes of Separators, from six to twelve horse power; also **two styles Improved Mounted Horse Powers.**
Thirty-Two Years of Prosperous and Continuous Business by this house, without change of name, location, or management, furnishes a strong guarantee for superior goods and honorable dealing.

CAUTION! The wonderful success and popularity of our Vibrator Machinery has driven other machines to the wall; hence various makers are now attempting to build and palm off inferior and mongrel imitations of our famous goods.

BE NOT DECEIVED

by such experimental and worthless machinery. If you buy at all, get the **"Original"** and the **"Genuine"** from us.

☞ **For full particulars** call on our dealers, or write to us for Illustrated Circulars, which we mail free. Address NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.

COOPER & CONARD,

DRY GOODS

PHILADELPHIA.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

In order to properly display the immense stock of goods we will have the pleasure to exhibit the coming Autumn, we have secured an additional store adjoining the three occupied by us, making four large buildings, which will be thrown into one Great Dry Goods Mart.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Before making the needed alterations in this enlargement, we will sell a large portion of our present stock by making such reductions in prices from time to time as will make it the interest of every buyer to personally see the inducements we are offering, or write us for what you may want,—Our Mail Department promptly and carefully attending to all communications addressed to us.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Many Special Bargains will be shown in every department, in addition to the full regular stock always shown by our house. We have Black and Colored Silks, Satins in Blacks and Colors, Velvets, Brocades, and many elegant materials now so much used in combining and trimming.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

In Dress Goods are the Plain and Figured Materials made by the French and English, also all the desirable American fabrics, the prices of which run from 6c. to $1.25, most of which have been marked away down. In Silks, too, we have some rare bargains.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

☞ In Linens, Cottons, and General House-Furnishing Dry Goods, including Table Linens, Towels, Sheetings, Quilts, Shirtings, etc., the assortment is very full and complete.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Gloves, Hosiery, and Small Wares receive their full share of attention, the stock being one of the most active in our stores. Ready-Made Underwear is a specialty, and is growing constantly. The second floors are devoted to the sale of Suits, Wrappers, Dusters, Jackets, Wraps, etc., for ladies. Also Girls' and Infants' Clothing, Boys' Clothing, etc.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

COOPER & CONARD,
Cor. NINTH and MARKET Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF WILLIAM LEVY, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of William Levy, deceased, late of Milesburg borough, having been granted the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

MRS. SARAH LEVY,
Milesburg, June 28, 1880. 26-6t Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of HARRIET KLINGER, late of College township, Centre county, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. WILLIAM THOMPSON,
25-6t* Administrator.

Van Dyke's SULPHUR SOAP.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.

FOR the cure of Cutaneous Diseases of all descriptions it is without a rival. Having long been in the market and thoroughly tested by the medical faculty and the public, it is needless to enter into details upon its virtues. Price 25 cents a cake, or 6 cakes for 60 cents For sale by druggists and country storekeepers. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, Third and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia. 29-1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned for the estate of JAMES SOMMERVILLE, sr., deceased, late of Snow Shoe, Pa., all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for payment. JAMES S. SOMMERVILLE,
Administrator.
Bellefonte, June 10, 1880.—2-6

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF ISAAC MOORE, DECEASED.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Isaac Moore, deceased, late of Worth township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. JESSE WOODRING, Executor.
22-6t Port Matilda, Pa.

J. H. MORRISON,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W FORTNEY, Esq. v2n14

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Haying Time is Near at Hand

And we are prepared to sell the FARMERS not only anything they want in the line of

HARDWARE,

But ESPECIALLY

Grass and Grain SCYTHES,

THE LEADER

Self Dump Horse Hay Rake,

THE NEW AND IMPROVED

TURKEY WING GRAIN CRADLE

THE DOUBLE HARPOON HORSE HAY FORK,

HAY ROPE AND TACKLE BLOCKS,
PITCHFORKS, HAND RAKES

And everything needed in the Haying and Harvest seasons.

HUMES' BLOCK, ALLEGHENY STREET

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Book Store.

THE MODEL BOOK STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

JOHN C. MILLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Books,
Fancy Goods,
Photograph Albums,
Stationery
Pocketbooks,
Gold Pens,
Wall Paper,
Umbrellas,
Window Shadows and Fixtures,
Toilet Sets
Fancy Chinaware
Japanese Goods,
Toys, Toys,
Cigars, Etc., Etc.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR EVERY TOWNSHIP IN THE COUNTY.

DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS
11-6

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice. 7-8-tf

PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,
Furst's Building.) High-street, Bellefonte

☞ H. C. WEAVER'S

Cuban Cigar Store,

(Under First National Bank,)

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Cigars of Every Quality

to suit the country trade, manufactured by him from selected stock. Also a large assortment of

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOS,

SNUFF AND PIPES,

In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

Dealers will consult their interest by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere.

He cannot be undersold, his motto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits."
v12n11tf H. C. WEAVER,

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—The camp-meeting season is about here.

—Vennor's last prediction was a little off.

—Street sprinklers have been taking it easy of late.

—Family groceries, pure as the purest, at Sechler's.

—All kinds of cigars, finest brands, at Sechler & Co.'s.

—Huckleberries are plenty, and as full of seeds as usual.

—Nobby hats, ties, canes, etc., at the Philadelphia branch.

—Clearfield now has a curb stone market in successful operation.

—Wish Vennor's cool wave could be anchored here for the season.

—Several ministers of this vicinity are off on their summer vacation.

—The Bedford county fair will be held October 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th.

—Fruit and confectionery of every kind and variety, at Sechler & Co.'s.

—The days and nights will soon be equal in length. Summer passeth rapidly.

—We don't hear many reports from the farmers of big wheat crops this year.

—The various seaside resorts are well represented by Bellefonte this season.

—If the toy pistol isn't withdrawn from the market boys will be scarce in a few years.

—A Garfield corn doctor was in town yesterday peddling his wares. Another straw.

—The railroad tracks about the depot have been extensively repaired during the past week.

—Stone for rebuilding the damaged portion of the Presbyterian church is arriving on the ground.

—Houses in Bellefonte are in demand at present. Our capitalists should go to building.

—Tanner has changed his diet to warm water. He ought to drink parboiled rain drops next.

—Apples are so abundant in the western part of the State as to bring but 25 cents per bushel.

—What has become of our Milesburg and Howard correspondents? Come to time, gentlemen.

—Huntingdon is getting ahead of Bellefonte in one respect at least. Her car works have just been whitewashed.

—When you want to purchase confectionery for your children, go to Sechler & Co.'s and get the freshest and purest.

—It is said that the army worm starved to death while crossing a cobble stone pasture in the northern part of the State.

—Don't buy yourself a summer or fall suit until you have examined the splendid stock at Lewins' Philadelphia branch store.

—Bellefonte would greatly appreciate a cheap excursion to Coney Island. Cannot the Pennsylvania railroad accommodate us?

—Look out for mad dogs this weather. When you see one with froth dropping from his jaws, and making a bee line for you, climb a tree.

—A man hailing from Curtins, named Deitrick, was arrested Saturday night and locked up for making a disturbance in the Bush House.

—A boozy individual amused the people in front of Humes' block on Saturday afternoon by giving an exhibition of his ability as a clog-dancer.

—Rev. S. W. Beech, of Baltimore, who is spending his vacation in this place, preached before the Presbyterian society on Sunday, in Humes' Hall.

—An exchange says Erie's jail is famous for its female prisoners. It doesn't state whether it is in regard to the looks of the prisoners or numbers.

—The Republicans of Philipsburg are thoroughly aroused to the importance of the approaching campaign, and are preparing to make things hum.

—A pet bear in Osceola escaped from his cage one day last week and scared some of the Osceolaites half out of their wits before he was captured.

—No shoddy goods at the Philadelphia branch clothing house. The clothing offered for sale at this store is of the very best material and well made.

Organization of a Garfield and Arthur Club.

Friday evening in compliance with the call of John I. Rankin, chairman of the Republican county committee, an enthusiastic meeting was held at the new club room in Bush's Arcade. A very handsome transparency bearing the inscription, "Republican Club Room—Garfield and Arthur," and the portraits of our standard-bearers, was affixed to the front of the building and showed to remarkably good advantage.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Rankin in a neat little speech, in which we mapped out the work which the committee desired the organization to perform.

General James A. Beaver was chosen temporary chairman, and H. C. Weaver, George R. Hughes and Edward T. Tuten, Secretaries. Speeches were made by General James A. Beaver, A. O. Furst and John G. Love. It was voted that a committee of five be appointed by Chairman Rankin and the temporary chairman of the meeting to report a plan of organization and list of officers.

A. J. Cook, D. S. Keller, S. C. Hunter George Skinner and D. H. Hastings were appointed.

One hundred and forty-three names were enrolled as members.

There were also books opened for the enrollment of names of veterans to form a club of soldiers on which sixty names were inscribed.

The meeting then adjourned to meet again next Friday evening.

The ball has now been set in motion and it is hoped that every Republican will do his whole duty—that he will join this club and set the example to the doubting that shall draw them all to the right side. The success which this club has met with in its organization augers well for our triumph in the town and county. Never before in the seven years of our sojourn here have we seen more enthusiasm and spirit or a better feeling displayed, and we believe the result will show that the Republicans of old Centre are still alive, and that success is possible to the glorious old party of freedom even here. Let all who joined last night attend the next meeting and bring another with him, and double the membership. It can and will be done! The Republicans are waking up to the duties of the hour.

—The Sheriff of Centre county is a Democrat and one of the Jury Commissioners is a Democrat. Yet in the list of jurymen placed in the wheel from Bellefonte for the year 1880 there are 36 Republicans and 19 Democrats. Will these two Democratic officials rise and explain?—[Watchman. From an indipendent standpoint, we think it's nobody's business whether a jury is all Democratic or all Republican. We always supposed that the jury box, above all other things, was free from partisan prejudices. And so it should be.—[L. H. Journal.

The *Journal* takes a very sensible view of this matter. This thing of carrying politics into the jury box is altogether wrong, and should be looked down upon by every good citizen. In selecting the jurors the Sheriff probably looked to their ability to serve, not their politics, which was the only right way to do, and the *Watchman*, by protesting against his course, exhibits the true partisan colors.

—We learn that a lady, at present residing in Lewisburg, is desirous of coming to Bellefonte and opening a Kindergarten school, provided she is assured that such a school will be supported by our citizens. The lady can give the best of references, and is a graduate of the Normal Training School for Kindergartnees. Those of our citizens who are familiar with this system of teaching will fully appreciate its usefulness and importance, especially to young ladies, and now that an opportunity is offered for establishing such a school in our midst, they should interest themselves in the matter and see what can be done towards bringing the project to a successful ending.

—Francis Murphy talked to the people of Lock Haven, or as many of them of could crowd into the Court House, on Sunday afternoon. His lecture was an admirable one, full of pathos, sympathy for the unfortunate ones, with occasional outbursts of genuine Irish wit. He made friends of all within reach of his voice, and there is a promising outlook for a rich harvest during his week in Lock Haven. The Temperance people of Bellefonte should endeavor to secure Mr. Murphy's services for a time. We know they would be pleased with him as a man, and more than satisfied with his temperance work and its results.

—The Garfield and Arthur club of Lock Haven have now over four hundred members. Republicanism is booming down the valley as well as among the hills and dales of Centre county.

Democratic, Hancock and English Rally at Pleasant Gap.

MR. EDITOR: The Hancock and English rally at Pleasant Gap on Saturday evening last was so extraordinary in character as to command some notice. The public buildings, including the post office, were illuminated and properly adorned for the occasion. The vanguard of the gathering hosts was led by Hon. J. P. Gephart, of Bellefonte, candidate for Assembly, followed by Conley, of Centre Hall, who marshalled the squadron from Porter township. This same Gephart led the vanguard of a host, some years ago, from Brush Valley—not under the banner of Hancock, but under a banner opposed to that of the "Superb soldier," and designed an attack upon the officers who were enforcing the draft to fill up the corps commanded by Hancock. The second squad hailed from Bellefonte, composed of some thirty, commanded by Chairman Spangler, aided by the Sheriff, his father and his two junior brothers. The third delegation came from Benner township; and last, and almost least, came the representatives of Spring township.

The forces on the ground, and having paid a proper respect to our chief Democratic citizen, Haag, the band discoursed a national air, when Chairman Spangler called the meeting to order. He appealed to everyone that was in favor of economical Democratic government, Court House rings, poor jails, at extravagant cost, in Centre county, high valuation of property, and four mills county tax, to come forward and sign the pledge for Hancock and English, and join the roll of martyrs. The Spring township delegation were honored with the first opportunity to sign, but were stimulated to promptness by the Bellefonters coming in and signing, to show how easy it was done. There were secured about 111 names, three-fourths of whom were from Bellefonte and from Porter and Benner townships. But then, the number was all that they were after, regardless where they came from or how many other clubs they had already joined.

The meeting was then organized by electing J. Vanormer President, sundry persons Vice Presidents, and E. D. Noll and H. Rothrock Secretaries. The President on taking the chair, said he was surprised at the high honor conferred and realized the great responsibility that rested upon him. The first speaker was George Barret, who stepped to the front like a man, politely bowed to the ladies in the audience, then banged and whanged away at the Republicans, in a very reckless manner for about ten minutes. He then adjusted his vest, surveyed himself, took out his watch and remarked, it was too early in the campaign for a full discussion of the questions and retired. Generalissimo Spangler came forward, with loud assertion that he would prove some Republican lies, and then introduced Hon. James Schofield, of Greenback fame. When Jim come out he remarked he was generally dubbed "Jimmy the blatherskite," and that he would maintain his reputation for much speech. After informing the audience who he was, he undertook to prove how the Democrats had preserved the Union, and supported the army, put down the rebellion and pensioned soldiers. He swung the bloody shirt enthusiastically. He then said he had been invited to stump Indiana county for Hancock and English, and that he expected to go. He didn't state however, the reason that he had been invited to Indiana county was that his Democratic friends here had secured him that invitation so they would be rid of him in the campaign and that his loquaciousness would not injure the ticket in this county. But still Jim will regard a friendly exile, as a high political honor.

Hon. C. T. Alexander was the next speaker. He said the exhaustive labors of the day, and his having spoken in the afternoon, left him in a wearied condition, so that he would have little to say. He lauded Democratic enthusiasm for Hancock, and said republican speakers admitted he was a good man, but that they were afraid of the southern brigadiers. By this time he warmed up, and declared that every infernal rebel that had gone to the Republican party had some high office. He said look at Guerilla Mosby and General Longstreet. Whether the Senator meant infernal rebels to the Democratic party or to the country was not very clear to his hearers. The Senator scolded the Republicans for having a Garfield and Arthur meeting in the township the same night that they were holding a Democratic one, as though this was not a free country. The Senator, from some cause, was evidently cross grained.

Major Foster meandered to the front when called. He said he had been at Pinegrove and was also *tired*. He said some one wanted him to vote for Garfield, but he told him he would vote for Jeff Davis if he were on the Democratic ticket, and that Billy Harper would do the same, and that he and Billy were as brave as anybody else if they were not so high in command. The Major then wiped his nose "on the bloody shirt" by asserting that Mosby killed Major Harvey Larimer, and because he did it all soldiers should vote with the "Southern brigadiers." He did not say whether he saw Mosby kill him or not.

The Spanglers again appeared in the front, and Jack said he would tell them who killed "Cock Robin," and said the Republicans were full of tricks and that the Democrats must be wide awake in order to win. He said he had never robbed hen roosts, but had had some experience in making a raid upon pear trees, which he had charged with much gallantry and beat a hasty retreat.

The meeting then underwent a voluntary dissolution, and convened at Haag's, who says it was a profitable affair. The effort did not result in securing many new recruits for Hancock, the recruiting officers being without experience in military affairs—all but Fortney, who failed to respond when called for. The reason we could not say. On their retreat from their military parade, color bearer ex-Chief Burgess Sternberg became so enthusiastic that he fired the colors and left the Hancock banner by the wayside a smouldering ruin. This mishap troubled the crew greatly as it was regarded as an ill omen for Hancock. WIDE AWAKE.

Large Funeral.

The funeral of Mr. James Sheridan, Sunday afternoon, was the largest that has taken place in this vicinity for several years. The remains were followed to the cemetery by forty-five carriages, besides a large concourse of people on foot. The funeral was in charge of Gregg Post, G. A. R., the organization attending in a body in full uniform, and marching from the house to the burying ground at the head of the procession to the step of muffled drums. The ceremonies at the cemetery were conducted in accordance with the ritual of the same order, and were very solemn and impressive. Deceased was forty-six years of age, and leaves a wife and six children.

—Boalsburg had something new last Saturday evening, in the shape of a free lecture in the Academy, upon the subject, "Our Country." It was the product of the brain of Geo. Beck, a young man at present milling for D. C. Gingerich, at Oak Hall Mill, and was well delivered, carrying conviction to every one. The young man possesses rare oratorical powers, and people are wondering why it is that he sticks to the dusty coat of a miller. The elocutionary entertainment following the lecture was also first rate. We understand he will give another entertainment on next Saturday evening, July 31st. ***

—A horse belonging to Mr. James Potter, attached to a buggy, took fright while standing at the Bush House, Saturday afternoon, and run down Race street in the direction of Crider's lumber yard. The horse was secured on Lamb street before any damage had been done. A young son of Mr. James L. Sommerville was in the buggy at the time of the runaway, and jumped out while the animal was going at a rapid rate, but fortunately was not injured.

—The Republicans are working like troopers all over the county in forming campaign clubs, and that is bound to tell in the end, too. A Garfield and Arthur club will be organized in Milesburg on Thursday evening, and if we mistake not, at the close of the meeting, the roll of membership will disclose the names of at least twenty-five Milesburg Greenbackers. The Mountain City Band of this place will furnish the music.

—As the Democrats were returning from the Gap on Saturday evening, where they had been to hunt up the Hancock men and organize a club, their banner took fire and had to be left by the wayside to burn up, near Boiling Springs. It is supposed that the banner was ignited by the strong tariff atmosphere which prevails in the vicinity of Mann's works.

—The street commisioners are making some needed improvements at the upper end of Howard street. The street is being considerably widened and new sidewalks laid. We are informed that the owners of several houses in that locality, situated on the borough line, will be compelled to move their buildings back several feet from the walk.

—"Hello, Ike, where on earth did you get that nobby looking suit of clothes?" said a man on meeting his friend all dressed up to kill on Saturday evening. "At Lewins' Philadelphia branch store," promptly answered Ike, "where everybody goes for their stylish goods. Lewins always gives a fellow the best in the shop and a neat fit."

Notice to the Mutual Policy Holders of Lycoming Fire Insurance Co.

At a meeting of the Centre county policy holders of said company, held in Bellefonte, July 23, 1880, the report of the undersigned, a committee appointed at a prior meeting, to proceed to Muncy, to investigate the affairs of the Lycoming Insurance Company, and ascertain the necessity for and the legality of the recent extraordinary assessment of 25 per cent., was presented. The report finds the assessment both legal and necessary for reasons therein stated, but recommends that active measures be taken for an immediate liquidation and closing out of the affairs of the company, referring the *method* thereof (whether by a receiver, an assignment, or by voluntary liquidation, by the present officers, or some of them, under the supervision of some person or persons selected by the mutual policy holders) to the decision of the policy holders themselves.

The report was approved and the following resolution adopted:

Resolved, That the present committee be continued with power, in connection with committees appointed by meetings of policy holders in other counties or places, to take such measures as in their judgment will best conserve the interests of policy holders, in procuring an immediate liquidation and closing out of the affairs of the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company.

In pursuance of the above resolution an invitation is hereby extended to ALL mutual policy holders of the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company to meet at the Court House in the borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on FRIDAY, the 6th day of AUGUST, 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m., either in person or by *representative committees*, to take such action as shall be deemed the best to ensure an immediate liquidation of the affairs of the company.

A. O. FURST,
WM. P. DUNCAN,
D. S. KELLER,
ADAM HOY,
Committee.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., July 24, 1880.

[Exchanges please copy.]

Capturing a Female Robber.

Annie Crigger is a young girl of about 18 summers, of medium statue, wayward disposition and character not of the best. She hails from Altoona, and on Thursday, after perfecting her plans confiscated forty dollars in money and a watch valued at $35, the property of a man named Blake, and departed for Tyrone in company with a gay young man whose name we could not learn, with the evident intention of having a high old time.

At Tyrone Miss Annie succeeded in disposing of the watch for $10, and shortly after the couple started down the railroad track in the direction of Vail. Blake, who had discovered the theft shortly after it was committed, traced the pair to Tyrone on Thursday evening, and the next morning on learning that a man and woman answering his description had been seen walking down the railroad, boarded an outward train and went in pursuit. A short distance this side of Vail the girl and her escort were overtaken, and after signalling the train to stop Blake jumped off. He was instantly recognized by the girl, however, and knowing too well the nature of his business she took her companion's arm and both started for the woods at a lively pace. Blake immediately gave chase, but not until late in the day did he succeed in capturing this "gentle Annie." After reaching Vail with his prisoner she was searched and $25 of the money found on her person. Further than this we have no particulars.

—The population of Pennsylvania is 4,227,060. In 1870 3,522,952, increase 740,148; percentage of increase, 20. There are but two counties in the State, Potter and McKean, that led Clearfield in per cent. of increase. There are eighteen counties that foot up even thousands, and two counties, Warren and Clarion, even population, 30,000.

—Mr. David Dale, of Lemont, who was so terribly scalded several weeks ago by falling into a vat containing boiling hot vitrol, died on Sunday afternoon. During the early part of last week he seemed to be doing nicely, and his physicians were quite confident that he would recover. But the all-wise One ruled it otherwise.

—The "Mountain Rangers" returned home from their camping out expedition on Saturday, and report an "infernal" good time. Thus far we have heard of no bloody encounters with the denizens of the forest or hair breadth escapes; but, then, there is plenty time for the party to get out a statement.

—Gentlemen, before leaving town for a visit to the sea shore, should not forget to lay in a stock of Harry Green's cigars, as they will not be able to find such a good article elsewhere.

—Fine smoking and chewing tobacco at Sechler & Co.'s.

Bellefonte Temperance Union.

At a meeting held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Friday evening of last week by the temperance people of this vicinity, an association known as the Bellefonte Temperance Union was organized, with the following officers:

President—Rev. James P. Hughes.
Vice President—S. D. Gray, Esq.
Treasurer—Dr. J. W. Rhone.
Secretary—N. S. Bailey.
Executive Committee—E. C. Humes, J. W. Gephart, James I. McClure, Charles F. Cook, S. S. Lyon, Clement Dale and A. Loneberger.

In organizing the Union excellent judgment has been shown in the selection of officers. These men are all strong friends of temperance, energetic workers in th cause, and will do some effective work in suppressing this great vice. The committee appointed at a former meeting to draft a course of future operations, reported the following committees:

Enforcement Committee—D. S. Keller, James L. Sommerville and A. J. Cook.
Committee on Literature—Miss Clara Lyan, Mrs. W. P. Wilson and Mrs. S. T. Twitmire.
Committee on Children's Society—Mrs. S. S. Lyon, Mrs. A. O. Furst and Mrs. T. R. Hayes.

The next meeting of the Union will be held on the first Thursday in August.

Sunday-School Institute.

The Sunday-school Institute held at Curtin's Works on last Tuesday and Wednesday was a decided success. The first session was held on Tuesday evening, Capt. Austin Curtin, president of the Centre County Sabbath-School Association, acting as chairman and Clement Dale as secretary. The church in which the institute was held was filled to its utmost capacity at every session. A large numer of delegates from the different Sabbath-schools in the district were present, and all of them seemed to take a deep interest in the discussion of the various subjects. Ministers, representing nearly every denomination, were present and took part in the exercises. Altogether, it was one of the most interesting meetings of the kind that has ever been held in the county. We regret that space will not permit us to give an extended account of the proceedings.

Valentines' Forges.

A Garfield and Arthur club was organized at Valentines Forge on Saturday evening last. Speeches were made by Messrs. Furst, Keller, Hastings, Beaver and Love. There was a very encouraging turnout and a large number of names enrolled. The meeting was enlivened by music from Mountain City Band.

—From one hundred and four bushels of wheat sowed in Cambria county last fall, over one thousand bushels were harvested last week.

If any of our Centre county farmers can boast of a yield like this we should be pleased to hear from them.

—According to an exchange, Allentown received fifteen hundred parrots a few days since. They evidently intend to make a red-hot campaign in that section this fall.

LOST.—A liver colored setter dog, with small white spot on breast. Answers to the name of "Grant." A liberal reward will be paid for his return to HARRY G. VALENTINE,
Bellefonte, Pa.

—Harry Green's cigars, it is said, make those who smoke grow good-looking. They are wonderful cigars, anyhow.

—Cultivators, shovel plows, horse hay rakes of the very best make at rock bottom prices at
ALEXANDER & Co's.

—Strangers continue to visit Milton to view the work of the late fire.

MARRIED.

MCDONELL—KELLY.—On Thursday, July 15, 1880, at the residence of Hugh Adams, Huston township, by Wm. H. Smith, J. P., Mr Henry McDonell and Miss Nannie Kelly all of Huston township, Centre county.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, July 26, 1880.

Whitewheat per bushel	$1 00
Amber wheat	1 00
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	45
Corn, shelled	45
Oats new	40
Cloverseed	4 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 40
Flour, wholesale	5 75@6 00
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$22 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	20 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	17 00
Short straw per ton	10 00@12 00
PLASTER.	
Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 50
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	15
Hams, sugar cured	17
Bacon	7
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	10
Potatoes per bushel	60
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	